Uniden®

BCD396T

OWNER'S

MANUAL

OWNER'S MANUAL

Precautions

Before you use this scanner, please read and observe the following.

IMPORTANT!

This scanning radio has been manufactured so that it will not tune to the radio frequencies assigned by the FCC for cellular telephone usage. The Electronic Communications Privacy Act of 1986, as amended, makes it a federal crime to intentionally intercept cellular or cordless telephone transmissions or to market this radio when altered to receive them. The installation, possession, or use of this scanning radio in a motor vehicle may be prohibited, regulated, or require a permit in certain states, cities, and/or local jurisdictions. Your local law enforcement officials should be able to provide you with information regarding the laws in your community.

Changes or modifications to this product not expressly approved by Uniden, or operation of this product in any way other than as detailed by this Operating Guide, could void your authority to operate this product.

EARPHONE WARNING!

Be sure to use only a monaural earphone with this scanner. You can also use an optional 32 Ω stereo headset. Use of an incorrect earphone or stereo headset might be potentially hazardous to your hearing. The output of the phone jack is monaural, but you will hear it in both headphones of a stereo headset.

Set the volume to a comfortable audio level coming from the speaker before plugging in the monaural earphone or a stereo headset of the proper impedance (32 Ω). Otherwise, you might experience some discomfort or possible hearing damage if the volume suddenly becomes too loud because of the volume control or squelch control setting. This might be particularly true of the type of earphone that is placed in the ear canal.

WARNING!

Uniden **does not** represent this unit to be waterproof. To reduce the risk of fire or electrical shock, **do not** expose this unit to rain or moisture.

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The FCC Wants You to Know

This scanner has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a scanning receiver, pursuant to Part 15 of the *FCC Rules*. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This scanner generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this scanner does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the scanner on and off, you are encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna
- Increase the separation between the scanner and the receiver

This device complies with Part 15 of the *FCC Rules*. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: 1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and 2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Scanning Legally

Your scanner covers frequencies used by many different groups, including police and fire departments, ambulance services, government agencies, private companies, amateur radio services, military operations, pager services, and wireline (telephone and telegraph) service providers. It is legal to listen to almost every transmission your scanner can receive. However, there are some transmissions that you should never intentionally listen to. These include:

- Telephone conversations (cellular, cordless, or other private means of telephone signal transmission)
- Pager transmissions
- Any scrambled or encrypted transmissions

According to the Electronic Communications Privacy Act (ECPA), you are subject to fines and possible imprisonment for intentionally listening to, using, or divulging the contents of such a conversation unless you have the consent of a party to the conversation (unless such activity is otherwise illegal). This scanner has been designed to prevent the reception of cellular telephone transmissions and the decoding of scrambled transmissions. This is done to comply with the legal requirement that scanners be manufactured so they are not easy to modify to pick up these transmissions. Do not open your scanner's case to make any modifications that could allow it to pick up transmissions that are illegal to monitor. Modifying or tampering with your scanner's internal components or using it in a way other than as described in this manual could invalidate your warranty and void your FCC authorization to operate it.

In some areas, mobile use of this scanner is unlawful or requires a permit. Check the laws in your area. It is also illegal in many areas (and a bad idea everywhere) to interfere with the duties of public safety officials by traveling to the scene of an incident without authorization.

A license is required to use this product in Canada.

Introduction

Your BCD396T scanner is a state-of-the-art scanner radio with TrunkTracker IV™ and automatic scanning capabilities. You can store frequencies such as police, fire/emergency, marine, air, amateur, and other communications into the scanner. You can carry it with you wherever you go. You can use the scanner's scroll control to quickly select channels and frequencies, and you can automatically program channels in a system using the AutoStore feature. Use your scanner to monitor:

- Analog and digital trunked public safety systems *
- Police and fire departments (including rescue and paramedics)
- NOAA weather transmissions
- Business/Industrial radio and utilities
- Marine and amateur (ham radio) bands
- Air band
- Railroad

Your scanner can monitor the following bands.

Frequency (MHz)			
Lower Edge	**Upper Edge**	**Modulation**	**Step (kHz)**
25.0000	27.9950	AM	5.0
28.0000	29.6800	NFM	20.0
29.7000	49.9900	NFM	10.0
50.0000	53.9800	NFM	20.0
54.0000	71.9500	WFM	50.0
72.0000	75.9950	FM	5.0
76.0000	87.9500	WFM	50.0
88.0000	107.9000	WFM	100.0
108.0000	136.9750	AM	25.0
137.0000	143.9875	NFM	12.5
144.0000	147.9950	NFM	5.0
148.0000	150.7875	NFM	12.5
150.8000	161.9950	NFM	5.0
162.0000	173.9875	NFM	12.5
174.0000	215.9500	WFM	50.0
216.0000	224.9800	NFM	20.0
225.0000	399.9500	AM	50.0
400.0000	512.0000	NFM	12.5
764.0000	775.9875	NFM	12.5
794.0000	805.9875	NFM	12.5
806.0000	823.9875	NFM	12.5
849.0125	868.9875	NFM	12.5
894.0125	956.0000	NFM	12.5
1240.0000	1300.0000	NFM	25.0

* *Motorola® Astro®*, *SMARTNET®*,*SMARTZONE®*, and *PRIVACY PLUS®*, M/A-COM Private Radio Systems Inc. *EDACS® Wide*, *Narrow*, and *SCAT*, and E.F. Johnson Co. *LTR* systems.

Feature Highlights

General

Close Call™ RF Capture Technology - you can set the scanner so it detects and provides information about nearby radio transmissions. See “Using the Close Call Feature” on Page 100 for more information.

Dynamically Allocated Channel Memory - your scanner’s memory is organized so that it more closely matches how radio systems actually work, making it easier to program and use your scanner and determine how much memory you have used and how much you have left.

Preprogrammed Systems - your scanner is preprogrammed with over 400 channels covering police, fire, and ambulance operations in the 25 most populated counties in the US, plus the most popular digital systems. A complete list of the scanner’s preprogrammed systems is in “Preprogrammed Systems” on Page 140.

100 Quick Keys – You can set the scanner so you can quickly select systems and groups by using the keypad. This makes it easy to listen to or quickly lock out those systems or groups you don’t want to scan.

12 Service Searches - frequencies are preset in separate Public Safety, News, HAM Radio, Marine, Railroad, Air, CB Radio, FRS/GMRS, Racing, TV Broadcast, FM Broadcast, and Special searches, to make it easy to search and scan for specific transmissions.

Lockout – You can lock out any system, group, frequency, or channel while scanning. If you lock out a system or group, any channels belonging to that system or group are also locked out.

You can lock out up to 200 frequencies. The scanner skips locked-out frequencies while using the Close Call feature or while searching.

CTCSS and DCS Squelch Modes – prevent interference from stations not using the mode you select.

Analog and Digital Audio AGC – Helps automatically balance the volume level between different radio systems.

Fire Tone-Out Standby – Lets you set the scanner to alert you if a two-tone sequential page is transmitted. You can set up to 10 settings (transmit frequency, tone frequencies) then select one for standby monitoring.

Broadcast Screen – Sets the scanner so it ignores Close Call™ or search hits on known broadcast frequencies including pager frequencies.

Custom Screen – Lets you input up to 10 frequency ranges that the scanner will ignore during Close Call™ or search operation.

Dropout Delay – You can set whether the scanner pauses at the end of a transmission to wait for a reply. You can set the delay time for each system you scan, and while searching and using the Close Call™ feature.

Attenuator – You can set the scanner's attenuator to reduce the input strength of strong signals by about 18 dB.

Repeater Reverse – You can set the scanner so it switches to the input frequency on a conventional repeater system.

Channel Alert – You can set the scanner so it alerts you when there is activity on any channel you specify.

Memory Check – Lets you see at a glance how much total memory is left.

Scan and Search Operation – Lets you include selected service searches or custom search ranges during normal scan operation.

Custom Alerts – For each alert in the scanner (such as channel alert, Close Call alert, emergency alert), you

can select from 9 different tone patterns and also set the alert volume level independently from the main volume level.

Automatic Channel Step – Accepts frequencies on any valid channel step, even if it does not fall within the band plan's default step.

Frequency Step – Lets you select a frequency step (5, 6.25, 7.5, 8.33, 10, 12.5,15, 20, 25, 50 or 100 kHz) for manual mode and chain search mode. The scanner's auto step feature lets you set the scanner so it automatically chooses the correct step.

Quick Recall – Lets you quickly select a specific channel by choosing the system, group, and channel.

Scan/Search Delay – You can set the scanner so it remains on a frequency up to 5 seconds after the last transmission to wait for a possible reply.

Text Tagging – You can name each system, group, channel, talk group ID, custom search range, and SAME group, using up to 16 characters per name.

Unique Data Skip – Allows your scanner to skip unwanted data transmissions and reduces birdies.

Duplicate Frequency Alert – Alerts you if you try to enter a duplicate name or frequency already stored in a system.

Memory Backup – If power is lost or disconnected, the scanner retains the frequencies you programmed in its memory.

Note: The scanner's frequency coverage is not continuous and does not include the cellular telephone or UHF TV bands.

Trunk Tracking

Trunk Tracker IV™ Operation – Follows conversations on analog Motorola, Motorola Astro (APCO 25), EDACS, EDACS SCAT, and LTR trunked radio systems, including systems in VHF, UHF, 700 MHz, 800 MHz,

and 900 MHz bands. The scanner can scan both conventional and trunked systems at the same time.

Control Channel Only Scanning – If the scanner is set to scan Motorola trunking frequencies, you can set it so it scans using only control channel data. You do not have to program voice channel frequencies into memory in this mode.

Adaptive Digital Threshold – Automatically sets the digital decode threshold for APCO 25 systems.

Weather

Weather Search – Lets your scanner receive your local NOAA weather transmission.

SAME Weather Alert – Lets your scanner alert you when a SAME weather alert is transmitted on a NOAA weather channel. The scanner also displays the transmitted alert type. This helps you quickly find out about severe weather in your area and lets you avoid false alarms.

WX Priority – Lets your scanner alert you when a SAME weather priority alert is transmitted on a NOAA weather channel.

Search

Service Search – Lets you quickly select and search the scanner's preprogrammed frequencies.

Custom Search – Lets you program up to 10 custom search ranges. You can search any of these ranges simultaneously.

CTCSS/DCS Search – Lets the scanner search for CTCSS or DCS tones. You can identify up to 50 CTCSS tones and 104 DCS tones.

Quick Search – Lets you search from the currently-tuned frequency if you are searching a conventional system.

Auto Store

Frequency AutoStore – Automatically stores all active frequencies within a system you select.

Talk Group ID AutoStore – Automatically stores all new talk group ID's into a channel group you select.

Priority

Priority Scan – Priority channels let you keep track of activity on your most important channel(s) while monitoring other channels for transmissions.

Priority Plus – You can set the scanner so it scans only the priority channels

Backlight and Power

Display and Keypad Backlight – Makes the display and keypad easy to see in dim light. You can adjust the back light so it turns on when you press a key, when squelch breaks during a transmission, or manually.

Low Battery Alert – The scanner alerts you if the batteries need to be recharged or replaced.

Battery Save – You can set the scanner so it reduces the amount of power it needs if there are no transmissions.

Key Controls

Key Lock – You can deactivate the scanner's keys to help prevent accidentally changing the scanner's programming.

PC Control and Cloning

PC Control – You can transfer programming data to and from your scanner and your personal computer, and control the scanner using a computer. This helps you find frequencies listed on the Internet and load them into the scanner. Free PC control and programming software will be available at *http://www.uniden.com*.

Clone Mode – You can clone all programmed data, including the contents of the scanner's memory, menu settings, and other parameters from one BCD396T scanner to another BCD396T scanner.

On-Air Cloning – You can clone all programmed data over the air from a PC to one or more BCD396T scanners.

About This Manual

The screen displays used in this manual are representations of what might appear when you use your scanner. Since what you see depends on the frequencies and user IDs for your area and the settings you select, you might notice some differences between what is in this manual and what appears on your scanner.

Using the Multifunction Scroll Control

The scroll control on top of the BCD396T lets you easily control channel selection, volume, and squelch, and how information appears on the display.

To adjust menu settings, change channels in Hold mode, and resume scanning: Simply rotate the scroll control.

To change the scanner's volume: Briefly press the scroll control once, then rotate it. `VOLUME LEVEL` and the current volume level appear on the display.

To adjust the squelch: While holding down **Func** on the left side of the scanner, briefly press the scroll control once then rotate it. `SQUELCH LEVEL` and the current squelch level appear on the display.

To change the display mode: While holding down **Func**, briefly press the scroll control twice. Extended receive information, usually applicable to digital scanning, appears on the display. Then briefly press the scroll control again to return to the original display.

Entering Text

To enter a letter, turn the scroll control until the character you want appears, To enter a number, press a number key. To enter a decimal point, press •.

To move the cursor to the left, press **〈/4.** To move the cursor to the right, press **6/〉.**

To clear a character, press **No** twice. To clear all characters, press **No** 3 times.

To accept an entry, press down on the scroll control or press **E**.

How the Scanner's Controls Are Represented in This Manual

To help navigate the scanner's menus, the steps shown in this manual show the displays you see and the keys you press or control you operate to get a desired result.

This example shows you how to use the scanner's menu to edit an existing system name. It shows you the key to press (Menu) to select a menu option and the option you see (`Program System`) when you press Menu. It also instructs you to turn the scroll control (shown as ↺) to view a series of choices then press the scroll control (shown as ↓) to select a choice (`Edit Name`).

Menu → `Program System` → ↓
↺ Select the system ↓
→ `Edit Name` ↓

Follow these steps to enter/edit the system name.

1. The first character of the system name is covered by a cursor. Rotate the scroll control to select the character you want.

2. Press **6/〉** on the keypad to select the next character. The cursor moves to the next character. To move the cursor to a previous character, press **〈/4.**

3. Repeat Steps 1 and 2 until you have entered the system name. Then press down on the scroll control or press **E** to accept the setting.

Hints:

- Each system name can be up to 16 characters. Abbreviate as necessary to fit.
- The default system names include the following letter in the 16th position to indicate the system type:

  M = Motorola
  E = EDACS
  L = LTR
  C = Conventional

- Press • twice to delete the current character.
- Press • three times to clear the entire alpha tag.

To get the most from this manual, review the contents to become familiar with the basic functions available. If you are new to scanning or trunk tracking, be sure to read “Understanding Scanning” on Page 19 for a quick background on the technology. The first thing you’ll need to do is install batteries in the scanner. Then you need to connect the included antenna to the scanner. See “Setting Up Your Scanner” on Page 32 if you need any help doing this.

Understanding Scanning

This section provides you with background on how scanning works. You don't really need to know all of this to use your scanner, but some background knowledge will help you get the most from your BCD396T.

Understanding the Scanner's Memory

Your scanner's memory is organized in an architecture called *Dynamic Allocated Channel* memory. This type of memory is organized differently and more efficiently than the bank/channel architecture used by traditional scanners. Dynamic Allocated design matches how radio systems actually work much more closely, making it easier to program and use your scanner and determine how much memory you have used and how much you have left.

Instead of being organized into separate banks and channels, your scanner's memory is contained in a *pool*. You simply use as much memory as you need in the pool to store as many frequencies, talk group ID's, and alpha tags as you need. No memory space is wasted, and you can tell at a glance how much memory you have used and how much remains.

With a traditional scanner, when you program it to track a trunked system, you must first program the frequencies. Since you can only program one trunking system per bank in a traditional scanner, if there were (for example) 30 frequencies, the remaining 70 or so channels in the bank are not used and therefore wasted. Also, since some trunked systems might have hundreds of talk groups, you would have had to enter those types of systems into multiple banks in order to monitor and track all the ID's.

What is Scanning?

Unlike standard AM or FM radio stations, most two-way communications do not transmit continuously. Your BCD396T scans programmed channels until it

finds an active frequency, then stops on that frequency and remains on that channel as long as the transmission continues. When the transmission ends, the scanning cycle resumes until the scanner receives another transmission.

What is Searching?

The BCD396T can search each of its 12 bands and up to 10 bands together to find active frequencies. This is different from scanning because you are searching for frequencies that have not been programmed into the scanner. When you select frequency bands to search, the scanner searches for any active frequency within the lower and upper limits you specify. When the scanner finds an active frequency, it stops on that frequency as long as the transmission lasts. If you think the frequency is interesting, you can program it into the scanner's memory. If not, you can continue to search.

What is CTCSS/DCS?

Your scanner can monitor systems using a Continuous Tone Coded Squelch System (CTCSS) and Digital Coded Squelch (DCS) system, which allow squelch to open only when the tone you have programmed with a specific frequency is received along with a transmission.

CTCSS and DCS are subaudible tone signaling systems sometimes referred to as PL or DPL (Motorola's trademarked terms for Private Line and Digital Private Line respectively). CTCSS and DCS are used only for FM signals and are usually associated with both amateur and commercial two-way frequencies. These systems make use of a special subaudible tone that accompanies a transmitted signal.

CTCSS and DCS are used for many purposes. In many cases, CTCSS and DCS are used to restrict access to a commercial repeater, so that only those

units, which transmit the correct tone along with their signal can “talk” to the repeater.

CTCSS and DCS are also used in areas that receive interference where there are several stations with output frequencies close to each other. When this occurs, you might hear multiple communications on the same frequency. The stations might even interfere with each other to the point where it is impossible to clearly receive any of the stations. A scanner equipped with CTCSS and DCS (like your scanner) can code each received frequency with a specific CTCSS or DCS frequency. Then, when you receive multiple signals, you only hear the transmission with the CTCSS or DCS tone you programmed. If you do not receive the correct tone with a signal, the scanner’s squelch remains closed and you hear nothing.

You can search for the following CTCSS frequencies and DCS codes.

CTCSS Frequencies (Hz)

67.0	69.3	71.9	74.4	77.0	79.7
82.5	85.4	88.5	91.5	94.8	97.4
100.0	103.5	107.2	110.9	114.8	118.8
123.0	127.3	131.8	136.5	141.3	146.2
151.4	156.7	159.8	162.2	165.5	167.9
171.3	173.8	177.3	179.9	183.5	186.2
189.9	192.8	196.6	199.5	203.5	206.5
210.7	218.1	225.7	229.1	233.6	241.8
		250.3	254.1		

DCS Codes (Octal)

023	025	026	031	032	036	043	047
051	053	054	065	071	072	073	074
114	115	116	122	125	131	132	134
143	145	152	155	156	162	165	172

174	205	212	223	225	226	243	244
245	246	251	252	255	261	263	265
266	271	274	306	311	315	325	331
332	343	346	351	356	364	365	371
411	412	413	423	431	432	445	446
452	454	455	462	464	465	466	503
506	516	523	526	532	546	565	606
612	624	627	631	632	654	662	664
703	712	723	731	732	734	743	754

Conventional Scanning

Conventional scanning is a relatively simple concept. Each group of users in a conventional system is assigned a single frequency (for simplex systems) or two frequencies (for repeater systems). Any time one of them transmits, their transmission always goes out on the same frequency. Up until the late 1980s, this was the primary way that radio systems operated.

Even today, there are many 2-way radio users who operate using a conventional system:

- Aircraft
- Amateur radio
- FRS/GMRS users
- Broadcast AM/FM/TV stations
- Many business radio users

When you want to store a conventional system, all you need to know is the frequencies they operate on. When you are scanning a conventional system, the scanner stops very briefly on each channel to see if there is activity. If there isn't, the scanner quickly moves to the next channel. If there is, then the scanner pauses on the transmission until it is over.

Simplex Operation

Simplex systems use a single frequency for both transmit and receive. Most radios using this type of operation are limited to line-of-sight operation. This type of radio is frequently used at construction job sites, and with inexpensive consumer radios such as GMRS/FRS radios. The range is typically 1-8 miles, depending upon the terrain and many other factors.

Repeater Operation

Repeater systems use two frequencies: one transmits from the radio to a central repeater; the other transmits from the repeater to other radios in the system. With a repeater-based system, the repeater is located on top of a tall building or on a radio tower that provides great visibility to the area of operation. When a user transmits (on an input frequency), the signal is picked up by the repeater and retransmitted (on an output frequency). The user's radios always listen for activity on the output frequency and transmit on the input frequency. Since the repeater is located very high, there is a very large line of sight.

Typical repeater systems provide coverage out to about a 25-mile radius from the repeater location.

What is Trunk Tracking?

Your BCD396T is designed to track the following types of trunking systems.

- Motorola Astro (APCO 25) trunking systems.
- Motorola Type I, Type II, Type IIi hybrid, SMARTNET, and PRIVACYPLUS analog trunking systems, which are extensively used in 800 MHz communication systems.
- LTR trunking systems
- EDACS SCAT trunking systems
- EDACS trunking systems

When tracking these types of systems, you might want to remember that your scanner can track more than one trunking system at a time and scan conventional and trunked systems at the same time.

Conventional scanning is a simple concept. You enter a frequency used by someone you want to monitor into your scanner's memory. For example, the police in your area might transmit on 460.500 MHz, the fire department on 154.445 MHz, the highway department on 37.900 MHz, etc. So when your scanner stops on a frequency, you usually know who it is, and more importantly, you can stop on a channel and listen to an entire conversation. This type of scanning is easy and fun.

However, as the demand for public communications has increased, many public radio users do not have enough frequencies to meet their needs, creating a serious problem. Trunking radio systems help solve this problem.

Trunked Scanning

While conventional scanning worked great while there were only a few groups wanting to use the frequencies, with the advent of smaller, lower-cost radios more and more agencies and businesses wanted to take advantage of the utility of 2-way radio. As a result, the bands that were used most became full, so new users were not able to take advantage of the technology as quickly as they wanted.

Trunking solved this frequency shortage by allowing multiple groups to use the same set of frequencies in a very efficient way. While each type of trunking system operates a little differently (see the next few sections), they all work on the same basic premise: even in a system with a lot of users, only a few users are ever transmitting at any one time.

Instead of being assigned a frequency, as with conventional systems, each group is assigned a talk group ID. A central computer controls the frequency

each group operates on...and this frequency selection is made each time a user transmits. So, while on a conventional system queries, replies, and follow-ups are all on a single frequency, they could each be on completely different frequencies on a trunked system. This semi-random frequency assignment made monitoring such a system impossible prior to Uniden's invention of the TrunkTracker IV scanner.

Not only does your BCD396T scan channels like a conventional scanner, it actually follows the users of a trunked radio system. Once you know a talk group's ID, you won't miss any of the action.

If you are a new scanner enthusiast, you might want to read the first part of this manual and use your scanner in conventional mode before you begin trunk tracking. Understanding scanning fundamentals and terminology will make trunk tracking much easier. If you are already an experienced scanner operator, you might want to go to "Programming Motorola Systems" on Page 62, "Programming EDACS Systems" on Page 66, or "Programming LTR Systems" on Page 69 now.

Types of Trunking Systems

Trunking systems divide a few frequencies among many different users, but the way that each system does this is slightly different. This section describes some of the technical data behind Motorola, EDACS, and LTR trunked radio systems.

Motorola Trunking

While there are different types of Motorola trunking systems, they all use the same basic trunking method. The system consists of one control channel (or as many as 4 per system), plus one or more voice channels (typically 10, 20, or 28 total channels). When a user presses Push To Talk (PTT) to transmit, their radio first sends their talk group information to the control channel. The computer then assigns that talk

group to a specific voice channel and transmits that data over the control channel. All radios in that talk group switch over to the assigned voice channel and the user can begin speaking. This all typically takes place in about a second...the person transmitting hears a beep from their radio when the channel is assigned and then it is OK to start talking.

The systems in use are:

Motorola Type I – the radios send the radio ID, the fleet and subfleet talk group ID to the control channel each time they transmit. To program a Type I system, you need to know the system's *fleet map*. The most common fleet maps are included in "Preset Fleet Maps" on Page 125. You can also find fleet map resources on the web.

Motorola Type II – the radios only send the radio ID and radio channel code to the control channel. The central computer keeps a database of radio ID's and which talk group is assigned to which channel code for each radio, so with this system the user's radio sends only about 1/3 the data as a Type I system with each transmission. Type II systems do not use Fleet-subfleet talk groups; instead they use a 5-digit ID for each talk group.

Type IIi Hybrid — these systems support a mix of both Type I and Type II users. Like Type I systems, you must know the system's fleet map to ensure proper tracking.

Motorola ASTRO (APCO 25) – these radios are similar to Type II systems, but send only the radio ID and radio channel code to the control channel, transmitting voice in digital form.

EDACS Trunking

EDACS trunking works in much the same way as Motorola trunking with a couple of major differences. In an EDACS system, each frequency used by the system is assigned a Logical Channel Number (LCN) so that less data needs to be transmitted by the control channel. Also, talk groups are assigned in an Agency-Fleet-Subfleet (AFS) hierarchy. Also, there is one variation of EDACS called SCAT that your BCD396T can monitor.

Logical Channel Numbers – each frequency used by the system is assigned an LCN. This information is programmed into each user radio. When a user presses PTT, their radio sends their AFS information to the control channel. The computer then assigns that talk group to a channel and sends the LCN so that all other radios in that talk group will switch to the correct channel. To program an EDACS system in your scanner, you will need to know both the frequencies used by the system and the LCN for each frequency.

Agency-Fleet-Subfleet – talk group ID's for EDACS systems are assigned in a way that makes it easy to see at a glance the affiliation of the user. Each radio is assigned a 2-digit agency identifier from 00 – 15. For example, 01 might be used by the police, 02 by ambulance service, 03 by the fire department, and so on. Each agency is then subdivided up to 16 times to provide fleet identification, and then 8 more times to identify subfleets.

For example, the complete AFS for the Police Department West District's dispatch channel might be 01-062. 01 identifies the agency as the police department, 06 identifies the fleet as the West district, and 2 identifies the subfleet as the dispatch channel. While these assignments are somewhat arbitrary and vary from system to system, there are many resources on the web for finding the assignments for most systems. Because of the logical hierarchy of the AFS

system, your BCD396T lets you assign wildcard ID's that let you, for example, use only one ID memory to identify all units in either an agency or a fleet.

EDACS SCAT – EDACS SCAT (Single Channel Autonomous Trunking) systems operate on a single channel and alternate control data with analog voice traffic. While your BCD396T cannot track ID's in this system, it can eliminate the control data so that all you hear is the voice transmissions when you monitor this type of system.

LTR Trunking

LTR (Logic Trunked Radio) systems are trunking systems used primarily by business or private communications service providers, such as taxicabs, delivery trucks, and repair services. These systems encode all control information as digital subaudible data that accompanies each transmission, so there is no separate control channel. Users on an LTR system are assigned to specific talk groups, which are identified by the radio as six digit numbers.

These numbers are in the form AHHUUU, where:

A = Area code (0 or 1)
H = Home repeater (01 through 20)
U = User ID (000 through 254)

When the scanner receives a transmission on a channel set to the LTR mode, it first decodes the LTR data included with the transmission. In the ID search mode, the scanner stops on the transmission and displays the talk group ID on the display. In the ID scan mode, the scanner only stops on the transmission if the LTR data matches a talk group ID that you have stored in the talk group ID list and have not locked out. LTR systems are frequently programmed so that each radio has a unique user ID.

I-Call (Motorola/EDACS)

I-calls are direct unit-to-unit transmissions that are not heard by other system users. Your BCD396T can receive I-call transmissions. See “Setting I-Call (Motorola and EDACS Systems Only)” on Page 77 for more information about monitoring I-call transmissions.

Where To Get More Information

By itself, this manual really only provides part of what you need to know to have fun scanning – how to program and use the scanner. The two included conventional and trunking frequency guides will give you a good head start on the other part of what you need to know – what frequencies have interesting content.

Information On The Internet

The Internet is a great source for current frequencies and information about scanning. Many web sites have lists of frequencies for your area. You can use a search engine to find and use them.

Make a list of the agencies you want to listen to, then look up the frequencies and systems used by those agencies. Here are a few useful sites:

- *http://www.scannermaster.com* * - frequency resources and home of Police Call.

  You can also call them at 1 800 SCANNER (hours are from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time Monday through Friday).

- *http://www.radioreference.com* * - the Internet's premier source for user-supported radio system information.
- *http://www.bearcat1.com* - frequency information from National Communications.

- *http://svartifoss2.fcc.gov/reports/index.cfm* * - conventional frequency information on file with the US Government
- *http://groups.yahoo.com/group/BCD396T* * - a group for people interested in discussing the BCD396T.

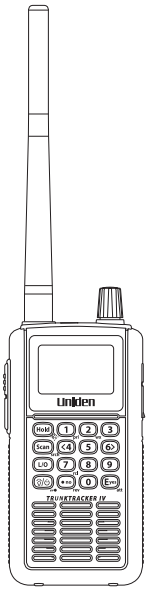
* - *These web sites are not affiliated with Uniden Corporation*.

To purchase another copy of the conventional or trunking frequency guide, contact your local dealer or:

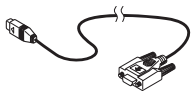
Uniden Parts Department
(800) 554-3988
(Hours are from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.Central Time Monday through Friday.)

For more information about Uniden and our other products, visit *http://www.uniden.com.*

Included With Your Scanner

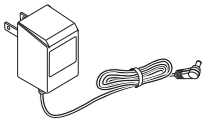


Scanner
(with antenna
attached)

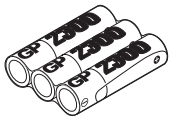


Connection
Cable

Wrist Strap



AC Adapter



Batteries

Belt Clip

BNC/SMA Adapter

*Owners
Manual
and other
printed
material*

If any of these items are missing or damaged, immediately contact your place of purchase or Uniden Customer Service at: (800) 297-1023, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Central, Monday through Friday.

Setting Up Your Scanner

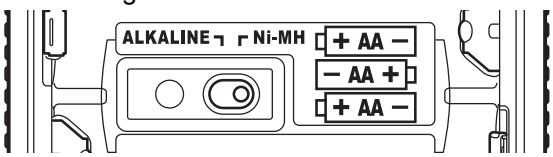
These guidelines will help you install and set up your new scanner:

- If your scanner receives interference or electrical noise, move the scanner or its antenna away from the source.
- To improve the scanner's reception, use an optional external antenna designed for multi-band coverage. (You can purchase this type of antenna at a local electronics store). If the optional antenna has no cable, use 50-70 Ω coaxial cable for lead-in. A mating plug might be necessary for the optional antennas.
- Use an optional mono earphone or mono headset with proper impedance (32 Ω) for private listening. Read the precautions on the inside front cover of this Owners Manual.
- Do not use the scanner in high-moisture environments such as the kitchen or bathroom.
- Avoid placing the scanner in direct sunlight or near heating elements or vents.

Using Internal Batteries

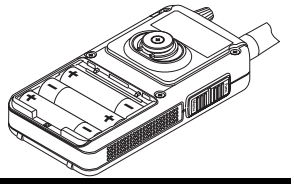
You can power your scanner using three alkaline or rechargeable AA batteries.

Before installing batteries, set the switch in the battery compartment to match the type of batteries you will use. Select **ALKALINE** for non-rechargeable battery types and **Ni-MH** for rechargeable battery types. See also "Using Rechargeable Batteries" on Page 33 when you use rechargeable batteries.



1. Remove the battery cover and set the battery switch.

2. Install 3 AA batteries, matching the polarity symbols (+ -).



WARNING!

Set **ALKALINE/Ni-MH** to **Ni-MH** for use only with rechargeable batteries. Never attempt to recharge non-rechargeable batteries. Non-rechargeable batteries can get hot and can even burst if you try to recharge them.

3. Replace the cover.

When flashes and the scanner beeps every 15 seconds, replace the batteries.

Using Rechargeable Batteries

You can also use three rechargeable batteries to power your scanner. Before you use rechargeable batteries, you must charge them. The scanner has a built-in circuit that lets you recharge batteries while they are in the scanner. To charge the batteries, set **ALKALINE/ Ni-MH** inside the battery compartment to **NI-MH**, install the batteries in the scanner, and connect the supplied AC adapter to the scanner's DC 6V jack (see “Using AC Power” on Page 34).

WARNING!

Do not connect the AC adapter to the scanner if non-rechargeable batteries (such as alkaline batteries) are installed in the scanner and **ALKALINE/Ni-MH** is set to **NI-MH**, or if you are unsure of the switch's position. Non-rechargeable batteries can get hot and can even burst if you try to recharge them. Before you use rechargeable batteries for the first time, charge them for 14 hours to bring them to a full charge. Discharged batteries take about 14 hours to fully recharge.

If an AC adapter is connected to the scanner, the scanner checks the condition of the installed batteries. If the scanner is turned off and the batteries require a full charge, `Pre-Charging` appears on the display. Then, `Normal Charging` appears as the batteries are recharged. When the batteries are fully charged, `Charge Complete` appears.

If no batteries are installed in the scanner, `No Battery` appears. If there is a problem with the installed batteries, `Battery Error` appears. If the installed batteries are Ni-MH batteries but **ALKALINE/Ni-MH** is set to **ALKALINE**, `Charge Off` appears and the scanner does not charge the batteries.

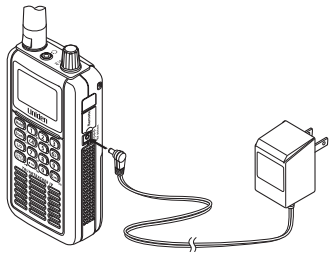
Removing the Display Sticker

Before you use the scanner, remove the protective plastic sticker over the display.

Using AC Power

You can power the scanner using the supplied 6V, 800 mA AC adapter.

To use the scanner on AC power, plug the adapter into **6V 800 mA** on the right side of the scanner, then plug the AC adapter into a standard AC outlet.



If rechargeable batteries are installed and **ALKALINE/ Ni-MH** is set to **NI-MH**, the adapter powers the scanner and recharges the installed batteries at the same time.

WARNING!

To prevent damage to Ni-MH batteries, never charge them in an area where the temperature is above 113°F (45°C) or below 32°F (0°C).

Connecting the Antenna

To attach the supplied flexible antenna to the connector on the top of your scanner, simply screw it onto the scanner's SMA connector.

Connecting an Optional Antenna

The scanner's SMA connector makes it easy to connect a variety of optional antennas, including an external mobile antenna or outdoor base station antenna.

Note: Always use 50-ohm, RG-58, or RG-8, coaxial cable and the supplied BNC/SMA adapter to connect an outdoor antenna. If the antenna is over 50 feet from the scanner, use RG-8 low-loss dielectric coaxial cable. You can get an SMA adapter at your local electronics store.

Connecting an Earphone/Headphone

For private listening, you can plug a 1/8-inch (3.5 mm) mini-plug earphone or headphones (not supplied) into the headphone jack on top of your scanner. This automatically disconnects the internal speaker. See “Earphone Warning” at the front of the manual for important information about using an earphone/ headphone.

Connecting an Extension Speaker

In a noisy area, an optional amplified extension speaker, positioned in the right place, might provide more comfortable listening. Plug the speaker cable's 1/8-inch (3.5-mm) mini-plug into your scanner's jack.

WARNING!

Never connect anything other than an earphone or the recommended amplified extension speaker to the scanner’s headphone jack. This might damage the scanner.

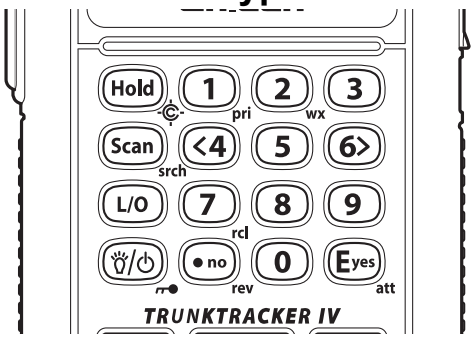
Attaching the Belt Clip

To make your scanner easier to carry when you are on the go, use the supplied belt clip.

Attaching the Wrist Strap

To keep your scanner safely close at hand, use the supplied wrist strap. Push the small loop on one end of the wrist strap through the lug on the right side of the scanner, then thread the other end of the wrist strap back through the small loop to secure it.

A Look At The Keypad



Your scanner's keys have various functions labeled on the key tops and below the keys.

To select the function labeled on a key, simply press the key. To select the function labeled below a key, hold down Func on the left side of the scanner then press the key. F appears on the display.

If your scanner's keys seem confusing at first, the following information should help you understand each key's function.

Key Name	Description
Hold/ ⊙	**Hold** – Holds the scan or the frequency search when pressed. Resumes the scan or the frequency search when pressed again. Func + ⊙ – Quickly turns the Close Call feature on or off (see "Setting Close Call Options" on Page 101).
Scan/Srch	**Scan** – Scans the stored channels. Func + **Srch** – Starts quick search or quickly accesses the search menu.
L/O	**L/O** – Lets you lock out a selected channel or skip a specified frequency. Func + **L/O** – Press quickly to lock and unlock a selected system in Scan or Scan Hold mode and review search lockout frequencies in Search or Search Hold mode. Press and hold for more than 2 seconds to lock all groups and channels in a system.
☼ / ⏻ / 🔑	☼ – Turns the display backlight on or off. Press and hold for more than 2 seconds to turn the scanner on or off. Press quickly to cancel a prompt. Func + 🔑 – Locks and unlocks the keypad.

Key Name	Description
1-**9**, **0**	**1-9, 0** – Enters a frequency, enters quick key numbers, and selects a custom search range in Custom Search mode. Selects systems by quick key in scan mode. Func + **1-9, 0** – Selects groups by quick key in scan mode.
1/Pri	**1** – Enters a 1. Func + **Pri** – Selects the priority mode in scan hold mode.
2/Wx	**2** – Enters a 2. Func + **WX** – Selects the weather function in the menu in the Hold mode.
< **/4**	**4** – Enters a 4. Func + < – Moves the active character to the left while editing data.
6/>	**6** – Enters a 6. Func + > – Moves the active character to the right while editing data.
7/Rcl	**7** – Enters a 7. Func + **Rcl** – Displays a series of prompts to quickly select a specific channel in the scan hold mode.

Key Name	Description
• **No/Rev**	• – Enters a decimal point or dash in a frequency or talk group ID,enters an extended 2-digit Quick Key, enters an “i” for I-Call input. At a prompt, answers “No.” Func + **Rev** – Monitors the currently-tuned frequency’s reverse frequency.
E/Yes/Att	**E** – Press to select input and menu items, to quickly edit a channel in Scan Hold Mode, and store a frequency into memory in Scan Hold mode. At a prompt, answers “Yes.” Func + **Att** – Turns the scanner’s attenuator on or off for the current channel (for conventional systems) or system (for trunked systems).

A Look At The Display

The display has indicators that show the scanner's current operating status. The display information helps you understand how your scanner operates.

Sx: - appears with a number to show the currently-selected System Quick Key number. x appears to show the second digit of the Quick Key number. For example, if System Quick Key 75 is selected, S7: appears. The currently active system indicator flashes.

ATT - appears when the attenuation feature is turned on (see “Setting System Attenuation (Trunked Systems Only)” on Page 81).

PRI - appears when the priority feature is turned on (see “Priority Scan” on Page 54).

- appears when you lock the keypad (see “Locking/Unlocking the Keypad and Scroll” on Page 53).

- alerts you when the battery power gets low.

GRP - shows the currently activated group, appears with numbers (0-9). The currently active group indicator flashes.

AM/FM/NFM/WFM - appears to show the type of transmission.

L/O - appears when you manually select a channel you locked out or a skip frequency.

F - appears when you hold down Func to select a function.

- appears when the scanner is set to a Close Call feature mode (see “Using the Close Call Feature” on Page 100).

SCAN - scrolls while the scanner is scanning.

GRP - appears with a number to show the currently-selected group Quick Key number.

DSKP - appears when data skip is turned on.

HOLD - appears while the scanner is set to scan hold mode.

P - appears if priority is turned on

ATT - appears if the attenuator is turned on.

SCR - appears when one or more broadcast screen bands are turned on.

REP - appears when repeater find is turned on.

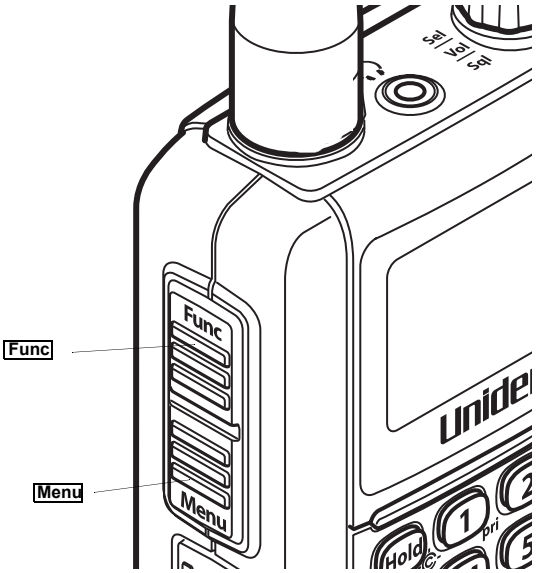
P25 - appears when an APCO P25 digital voice transmission is being received.

LNK - appears when data on a voice channel is being received.

DAT - appears when data on a control channel is being received.

ENC - appears when APCO P25 encrypted data is being received on a voice channel.

Using Menu



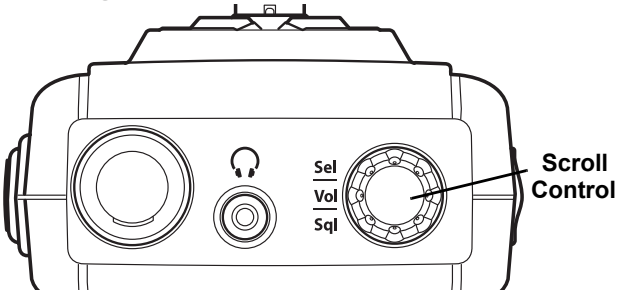
Press Menu on the left side of the scanner to enter the menu. See “Using the Menu” on Page 49 for more information about the scanner’s menu options.

Using Func

To select the function labeled below a key on the front of the scanner, hold down Func on the left side of the scanner, then press that key. To hold on a system while scanning or temporarily stop on a channel while searching, press Func. To select a system in Scan or Scan Hold mode, hold down Func and rotate the scroll control.

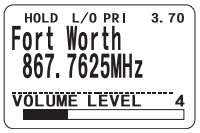
Basic Operation

Turning On the Scanner and Setting the Squelch



Note: Make sure the scanner's antenna is connected before you turn it on.

1. Press and hold ⏻ for about 2 seconds to turn on the scanner.
2. Briefly press the scroll control once. VOLUME LEVEL and a number appear on the display.



3. While VOLUME LEVEL appears, rotate the scroll control to set the volume to a comfortable listening level.

   Note: If you do not press any key or turn the scroll control within about 10 seconds, VOLUME LEVEL disappears. If this happens, simply press the scroll control again.

4. While holding down **Func** on the left side of the scanner, briefly press the scroll control once. SQUELCH LEVEL and a number appear on the display.
5. While SQUELCH LEVEL appears, rotate the scroll control to set the squelch to the level you want.

   Note: If you do not press any key or turn the scroll control within about 10 seconds, SQUELCH LEVEL disappears. If this happens, simply press the scroll control again.

Scanning Systems

To begin scanning programmed systems, press **Scan**. The BCD396T scans all unlocked systems in all activated quick-key groups and any searches unlocked for search and scan.

Notes:

- If no systems are programmed, or all systems are locked out, an error message appears. Program a system or select a system to scan.
- When scanning multiple systems, the BCD396T scans systems according to the assigned quick key. Systems assigned to quick key 1 are scanned first, then 2, 3, 4, etc. Systems not assigned to a quick key are scanned last, then unlocked searches. Within a quick key, systems are scanned in the order they were assigned.
- Within a system, channels are scanned according to the assigned channel group, with the same priority as described above for systems.
- The BCD396T scans a system for the duration you set using the System Hold Time option (see “Setting the System Hold Time” on Page 74). For trunked systems, the scanner moves to the next system after the hold time expires, the current transmission ends, and the channel delay expires. Conventional systems operate similarly, but all unlocked channels are scanned at least one time regardless of the hold time setting.
- Each search range is searched for the amount of time you set using the “Set Hold Time” option. See “Setting the System Hold Time” on Page 74 for more information.

Preprogrammed System Tips

All systems preprogrammed into the scanner are assigned to a Quick Key. See “Preprogrammed Systems” on Page 140 for a list of preprogrammed systems and their Quick Key assignments.

Notes:

- The systems preprogrammed into the scanner are located primarily in major metropolitan areas.
- You might hear transmissions on frequencies assigned to very distant stations. This will happen if a local system also uses the same frequency.

You can scan the preprogrammed systems more efficiently by preventing the BCD396T from trying to scan systems that are not in your area. To do this, refer to the quick key assignments listed in "Preprogrammed Systems" on Page 140, and enter the quick key for each distant system to turn them off.

To stop scanning a local preprogrammed system, you can:

- Lock out the system (see "Locking/Unlocking Systems" on Page 45)
- Reassign the system to another quick key so you can easily enable/disable it independently of other systems (see "Editing the System Quick Key" on Page 73)
- Delete the system (see "Deleting Systems" on Page 81)

Important! You cannot restore preprogrammed systems if you delete them.

Selecting Systems to Scan

To select systems to scan, press **Scan** then press the quick key assigned to the system or systems you want to scan. For quick keys 0-9, press the quick key's number. For quick keys 10-99, press • then press the quick key's 2-digit number. To stop scanning the system(s), press • (if the quick key is a 2-digit quick key) then the number button or buttons again.

The Sx: (system) indicators on the display show the systems that are currently selected.

To select or lock out a system that is not assigned to a key, press and hold Func while you rotate the scroll control until the desired system is selected. Then, continue to hold Func and press **L/O** to either lock out or unlock the system.

Selecting System Channel Groups

Within a system, you can assign groups of channels to a group quick key (see “Setting the Group Quick Key” on Page 83).

Follow these steps to activate or deactivate a channel group within a system while scanning.

1. Press Func to hold on the system (or hold down Func then rotate the scroll control to select the system).
2. Continue to hold Func and press the number key corresponding to the channel group you want to activate or deactivate.

Locking/Unlocking Systems

Follow these steps to lock out a system so that it does not scan even if its quick key is selected.

1. While holding down Func, rotate the scroll control to select the system.
2. Continue to hold down Func and press **L/O** to lock out the system. `System Locked` appears.
3. Repeat Steps 1 and 2 to unlock a system you have previously locked. `System Unlocked` appears.

Locking/Unlocking Channels

Follow these steps to lock out a channel so that it does not scan even if its system and channel group are selected.

1. While holding down Func, rotate the scroll control to select the system where the channel is stored.

2. Release Func then press **Hold** within 2 seconds to hold on the system.
3. Rotate the scroll control to select the channel you want to lock or unlock.
4. Press **L/O** to lock or unlock the channel.

You can also lock out an active channel by pressing **L/O** while the scanner is stopped on the channel.

ID Scan/ID Search Mode

While you are scanning a trunked system, the scanner can be in either ID Scan or ID Search mode:

- ID Scan – the scanner only stops on talk group ID's that you have programmed into the system
- ID Search – the scanner stops on any unlocked talk group that becomes active.

To toggle between ID Scan and ID Search, press **Scan** while the scanner is scanning the system.

If the scanner does not scan the system long enough for you to easily do this, press Func while the scanner is scanning the system (or press Func then rotate the scroll control to select the system). Then, release Func and press **Scan** within 2 seconds.

Temporarily Holding On a System

To temporarily hold on a system, press and hold Func. To hold on a different system, continue to hold Func and rotate the scroll control to select the system. Normal scanning resumes 2 seconds after you release Func.

Holding On a Channel

To hold on a channel, press **Hold** while the channel is active. To select a different channel, rotate the scroll control. If you scroll past the beginning or end of the current system, the scanner selects channels in the previous or next system. To resume scanning, press **Scan**.

Quickly Storing an ID During ID Search

To quickly store an active talk group ID during ID search, press **E**. You see:

```
Quick TGID Save?
```

To save the ID into a channel, press **E**. Otherwise, press **No**. If you press **E**, the scanner stores the ID into a channel group called `Qck Save Grp` in the current system.

Quick-Storing Channels or Talk Group ID's

1. Hold on an existing channel in any system.
2. Enter the frequency or talk group ID you want to store (press • twice to enter hyphens in talk group ID's).
3. To quick-store the channel or talk group ID, press **E**. Otherwise, press **No**.

If you enter a frequency then press **E**, the scanner stores it in the `Qck Save Grp` group in a system called `Qck Save Cnv Sys`. These are created if they do not exist. Then, the scanner prompts you to save other channel settings.

If you enter a talk group ID then press **E**, the scanner stores it into a channel group named `Qck Save Grp` in the current system. If the talk group ID's format is not the type used by the current system, the scanner displays an error message and does not save the talk group ID.

If you pressed **No** in Step 3, the scanner prompts you to select the system and the group where you want to store the frequency or talk group ID.

Quickly Recalling Channels

1. Press **Hold** to hold on any channel.
2. Press Func + **Rcl**. The scanner prompts you to select the system where the channel is stored.
3. Rotate the scroll control to select the system, then press **E**. The scanner prompts you to select the channel group where the channel is stored.
4. Rotate the scroll control to select the group, then press **E**. The scanner prompts you to select a channel.
5. Rotate the scroll control to select the channel, then press **E** to hold on that channel.

Monitoring Trunking Activity

To monitor trunking activity, press **Hold** then turn the scroll control to select the control channel frequency (for a Motorola or EDACS system) or any system frequency (for an LTR system). Active talk group ID's appear on the second line of the display.

Toggling Channel Alpha Tags

To change the display so the channel and frequency or Talk Group ID appear instead of the alpha tag, press Func + **5**.

Using the Menu

The scanner's menu lets you select options that let you set up and use the scanner.

To use the menu, press **Menu** on the left side of the scanner. To select a menu item, rotate the scroll control clockwise or counterclockwise. The currently-selected menu item is highlighted with a bar on the display. When the menu item you want to select is highlighted, briefly press the scroll control to select it. To back up a level, press **Menu**. To exit the menu mode, press **Menu** again.

This table shows the scanner's menu structure. To find information about a particular menu setting in this manual, go to the page number shown in parentheses next to the setting.

Note: Not all of the options shown in this table may appear at the same time. To view all available options on any screen, rotate the scroll control.

Menu Item	Submenu
-- M E N U -- **Program System** Srch/CloCall Opt Search for ...	Select System **Srch/CloCall Opt** (51)
-- M E N U -- Program System **Srch/CloCall Opt** Search for ...	Srch/CloCall Opt **Freq Lockouts** (104) Broadcast Screen (105) CTCSS/DCS Search (92) Repeater Find (106) Max Auto Store (107) Set Delay Time (108) Set Modulation (88) (107) Set Attenuator (107) Set Data Skip (108) Set Step (109) Adjust P25 Level (77)
-- M E N U -- Program System Srch/CloCall Opt **Search for ...**	Search for ... **Service Search** (91) Edit Service (95) Custom Search (93) Edit Custom (94) Search and Store (97)

Menu Item	Submenu
-- M E N U -- Srch/CloCall Opt Search for ... **Close Call**	Close Call **Close Call Only** (101) CC Auto Store (101) Set CC Mode (101) Set CC Override (101) Set CC Alert (101) Set CC Bands (101)
-- M E N U -- Search for ... Close Call **Set Priority**	Set Priority (54) **Off** (54) On (54) Plus On (54)
-- M E N U -- Close Call Set Priority **WX Operation**	WX Operation **Weather Scan** (110) Weather Alert (110) Program SAME (111) Set Delay Time (108) Set Attenuator (107) WX Alt Priority (112)
-- M E N U -- Set Priority WX Operation **Tone-Out for ...**	Tone-Out for ... **Tone-Out Standby** (113) Tone-Out Setup (113)
-- M E N U -- WX Operation Tone-Out for ... **Xfer Information**	Xfer Information **Wired Clone** (57) On-Air Clone (58)
-- M E N U -- Tone-Out for ... Xfer Information **Settings**	Settings **Set Backlight** (54) Adjust Key Beep (53) Set Battery Save (54) Set Audio AGC (55) Adjust Contrast (55) PC Control (56) See Scanner Info (53)

Programming Systems Menu

This table shows the scanner's systems menu structure. This menu lets you program new systems or change existing systems. To find information about a particular menu setting in this manual, go to the page number shown under or next to the setting.

To use the systems menu, press Menu then briefly press the scroll control. To back up a level, press Menu. To exit the menu mode, press Menu again.

Note: Not all of the options shown in this table may appear at the same time. To view all available options on any screen, rotate the scroll control

Menu/ Submenu	Option Menu
Select Sys Type **Conventional** MOT EDCS LT "Programming Conventional Systems" on Page 60	System 1 C **Edit Name** (72) Edit Sys Option (73) Edit Group (60) Delete System (81) Copy System (81)
Select Sys Type Conventional **MOT** EDCS LT "Programming Motorola Systems" on Page 62 System 1 **P25** 800MHz Standard 800MHz Splinter 900MHz band VHF Band UHF Band	System 1 M **Edit Name** (72) Edit Sys Option (73) Set Frequencies (70) Set Modulation (64) Set Attenuator (81) Edit Group (65) Delete System (81) Copy System (81)
Select Sys Type Conventional MOT **EDCS** LT "Programming EDACS Systems" on Page 66 EDCS **WIDE** NARROW SCAT	System 1 E **Edit Name** (72) Edit Sys Option (73) Set Frequencies (70) Set Attenuator (81) Edit Group (65) Delete System (81) Copy System (81)

Menu/ Submenu	Option Menu
Select Sys Type Conventional MOT EDCS LT "Programming LTR Systems" on Page 69	System 1 L Edit Name (72) Edit Sys Option (73) Set Frequencies (70) Set Modulation (64) Set Attenuator (81) Edit Group (70) Delete System (81) Copy System (81)

Other Settings

Displaying System Information

Viewing Memory Used

Menu → ↺ Settings → ↓
↺ See Scanner Info ↓ ↺
% Memory Used ↓

A bar showing the percent of memory used appears. Press any key to return to the previous menu, then press **Scan** or **Hold**.

Viewing the Firmware Version

Menu → ↺ Settings → ↓
↺ See Scanner Info ↓ ↺
Firmware Version ↓

Press any key to return to the previous menu, then press **Scan** or **Hold**.

Adjusting the Key Beep

Menu → ↺ Settings → ↓
↺ Adjust Key Beep ↓ ↺

Auto - the scanner automatically sets the key beep to match the master volume setting level you select.

Level 1 - 15 the scanner lets you select a key beep level. You can choose any of 15 different key beep levels.

Off - the scanner turns the key beep off.

Locking/Unlocking the Keypad and Scroll

Press and hold down Func then press ☼ / ⏻ / 🔑 to lock or unlock the keypad. Keypad Lock and On (if the keypad is locked) or Off (if the keypad is unlocked) appears. This does not affect the volume setting.

Turning Power Save On or Off

Menu → ↺ Settings → ↓
↺ Set Battery Save ↓ ↺

- On The scanner goes into low-power mode when you monitor a conventional channel that has no activity.
- Off Power save is off.

Priority Scan

Menu → ↺ Set Priority → ↓

Or, while holding on any channel, press Func + **1/Pri** to select one of these priority modes:

- Off Normal scanning
- On While scanning a conventional system, the scanner interrupts every 2 seconds and checks the priority channels in each unlocked conventional system. Priority channels in lower priority key numbered systems (starting from 1) have highest priority. PRI appears when you select this mode.
- Plus On The scanner only scans priority channels in unlocked conventional systems. PRI flashes when you select this mode.

Using the Backlight

Menu → ↺ Settings → ↓
↺ Set Backlight ↓ ↺

- 10 sec The backlight stays on for 10 seconds after you press .
- 30 sec The backlight stays on for 30 seconds after you press .
- Squelch The backlight turns on when the squelch opens then stays on for 5 seconds.

- `Keypress` The backlight turns on when any key is pressed then stays on for 10 seconds.
- `Infinite` The backlight turns on when you press ☼ then stays on until you press ☼ again.

Pressing any key while the backlight is on extends the backlight period. Pressing ☼ while the backlight is on turns off the backlight.

Setting the Audio AGC

Menu → ↺ `Settings` → ↓ ↺ `Set Audio AGC` ↓

This setting helps balance the audio level you hear as you listen to different radio sources so you can hear them at a similar volume. Use this setting if you listen to an audio source that has natural changes in audio level for which you want to compensate.

`Analog` Rotate the scroll control to select. This setting lets you set the audio AGC for receiving analog channels.

- `On` Press the scroll control to select. Audio AGC is turned on.
- `Off` Press the scroll control to select. Audio AGC is turned off.

`Digital` Rotate the scroll control to select. This setting lets you set the audio AGC for receiving digital channels.

- `On` Press the scroll control to select. Audio AGC is turned on.
- `Off` Press the scroll control to select. Audio AGC is turned off.

Adjusting the Display Contrast

Menu → ↺ `Settings` → ↓
↺ `Adjust Contrast` ↓

`Contrast 1 - 15` the scanner adjusts the display to the contrast level you select.

This setting controls the display's contrast (how light or dark it appears). Use this setting to change the contrast for different viewing conditions. There are 15 contrast settings. You see the change in contrast as you scroll through the settings.

Initializing the Scanner's Memory

Important! This deletes all preprogrammed data. You cannot restore preprogrammed data that has been deleted.

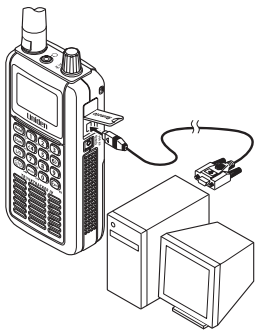
To initialize the scanner's memory, turn off the scanner. Then, press **2**, **9**, and **Hold** while turning it on.

Connecting Your Scanner to a Personal Computer

To connect your scanner to a personal computer, you must first set the scanner's baud rate (the rate at which data is transferred between the scanner and the computer, in bits per second (bps)).

Hint: If you have trouble transferring data between your scanner and your computer, try setting the baud rate to a slower setting.

Use the included connection cable to connect your scanner to another BCD396T scanner or your personal computer.



Menu → ↺ Settings → ↓
↺ PC Control ↓

`PC Control` Lets you set the baud rate your scanner uses to communicate with a personal computer.

- `Off` The baud rate is not set.
- `9600 bps` The baud rate is set to 9600 bps.
- `19200 bps` The baud rate is set to 19,200 bps.
- `38400 bps` The baud rate is set to 38,400 bps.
- `57600 bps` The baud rate is set to 57,600 bps.
- `115200 bps` The baud rate is set to 115,200 bps.

Using the Cloning Options

Lets you set your scanner as a master (source) or slave (recipient), letting you transfer programming to or from another BCD396T scanner. See “Wired Cloning” on Page 57 and “On-Air Cloning” on Page 58.

Wired Cloning

Menu → ↺ `Xfer Information` → ↓
↺ `Wired Clone` ↓

- `Master` Sets the scanner to be the source scanner.
- `Slave` Sets the scanner to be the recipient scanner.

To clone (copy) data directly from one BCD396T scanner to another BCD396T scanner, you must first connect the scanners to each other using the included connection cables and a DB9 null modem adapter and DB9 gender changer (neither included), available at most computer stores. Then you must set one scanner as the source and the other as the destination.

Plug the smaller end of each of the included connection cables into **Remote** on the right side of each scanner. Then connect the other end of the cables together using the null modem connector and gender changer.

Then set the scanner containing the programming you want to transfer as the master scanner, then set the other scanner as the slave scanner.

(Master scanner) `Clone Master Press SCAN Key` → Scan

(Slave scanner) `Clone Slave Press SCAN Key` → Scan

When you are ready to clone the scanner, press Scan on the slave scanner first, then on the master scanner. The master scanner checks the connection between the two scanners, then transfers its data to the slave scanner.

When the transfer is complete, `Complete` appears on both scanners. If the transfer did not work, `Error` appears on the master scanner.

On-Air Cloning

You can clone (copy) data from a PC to a BCD396T scanner. This is useful if you want to quickly program 20 or more BCD396T scanners at the same time.

Menu → ↺ `Xfer Information` → ↓
↺ `On-Air Clone` ↓

- `Start Cloning` Start on-air cloning.
- `Set Frequency` Lets you set the frequency where your scanner receives the cloning broadcast.
- `Set Modulation` Lets you set the cloning broadcast's modulation type.

To clone data from a PC to the scanner, you need a transceiver, a PC that has an audio input, and a cable to connect your PC's sound card to the transceiver. Follow the directions supplied with the Uniden Advanced Scanner Director Software (available online at http://www.uniden.com) to construct a cable and use on-air cloning.

When you are receiving the cloning broadcast and are ready to clone the scanner, select `Start Cloning` on the scanner. The scanner receives the data from the transmission

When the transfer is complete, `Complete` appears. If the transfer did not work, `Error` appears.

Programming Radio Systems

Your BCD396T comes preprogrammed with the major analog systems used in the 25 most populous counties in the US, as well as the most popular digital systems. However, to get the most enjoyment from your scanner (especially if you do not live near one of these counties), you must customize the programming for your area.

To edit an existing system, use the menu to navigate to the system setting you want to change. This section assumes you are programming a new system.

Programming radio systems is completed in two major steps. Don't skip either step!

1. Plan the system.
2. Program the system into your scanner according to the plan you prepared in Step 1.

To make planning easier, planning worksheets are included in the back of this manual for each system type. Copy the worksheets (or download this manual from the Uniden America Corporation website and print extra sheets), then use them to plan out how you will program the scanner.

Important! Before you start programming your scanner, make sure the batteries are fresh or fully charged. If the scanner loses power while you program it, its memory might be corrupted which will require you to reinitialize it (see “Initializing the Scanner’s Memory” on Page 56). All information programmed in the scanner, including preprogrammed systems, might be lost.

General Notes

- You can store up to 400 systems.
- Trunking systems can have up to 200 channels each. The number of conventional system channels you can have is limited only by the amount of scanner memory remaining.
- You can store up to 20 channel groups per system.
- Total channels are limited to about 6000.

Programming Conventional Systems

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ New System ↓
↺ Conventional ↓
Confirm? Yes=”E” / No=”.”

The scanner creates an empty conventional system, with a default name of System n C. n is a number that increments as you add new systems. C indicates that this is a conventional system.

Refer to the appropriate section to set system-wide options:

- See “Editing the System Name” on Page 72
- See “Editing the System Quick Key” on Page 73
- See “Setting System Lockout” on Page 73
- See “Setting the System Hold Time” on Page 74
- See “Setting the Channel Delay Time” on Page 74
- See “Deleting Systems” on Page 81
- See “Copying Systems” on Page 81
- See “Entering/Editing Conventional Channel Groups” on Page 60

Entering/Editing Conventional Channel Groups

To enter channels in a conventional system, first set up a channel group (or groups) to hold the channels. Then, enter the channel and channel parameters in the group(s).

Setting Up a Channel Group

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Group ↓
↺ New Group ↓

The scanner creates a group with a default name of `Group n`. `n` increments by one for each new group you create within a system. Refer to the appropriate section to set group-wide options:

- See “Entering/Editing the Group Name” on Page 82
- See “Setting the Group Quick Key” on Page 83
- See “Deleting Groups” on Page 83
- See “Setting System Lockout” on Page 73
- See “Entering/Editing Conventional Channels” on Page 61

Entering/Editing Conventional Channels

Menu → `Program System` → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ `Edit Group` ↓
↺ Select the group → ↓
↺ `Edit Channel` → ↓
↺ `New Channel`→ ↓

Refer to the appropriate section to change a channel setting:

- See “Editing the Channel Name” on Page 84
- See “Editing Frequencies (Conventional Channels Only)” on Page 85
- See “Setting Channel Priority (Conventional Channels Only)” on Page 85
- See “Deleting Channels” on Page 89
- See “Copying/Pasting Channels” on Page 90

Note: The scanner automatically sets the step to match the input frequency.

Programming Motorola Systems

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ New System ↓
↺ MOT ↓

Next, rotate the scroll control to select the type of Motorola system you want to program, then briefly press the scroll control to select it.

- P25 - Use for Motorola Astro APCO 25 Digital systems in any band
- 800MHz Standard - Use for 800 MHz systems that use the standard band plan
- 800MHz Splinter - Use for 800 MHz systems that use the splinter band plan (typically near international borders)
- 900MHz Band - Use for 900 MHz systems
- VHF band - Use for VHF systems
- UHF band - Use for UHF systems

Confirm? Yes="E" / No="."

Next, refer to the appropriate section to set system-wide options. For most settings, you can accept the default. However, for the items in **bold**, you must enter information in order for your scanner to scan the system.

- See "Editing the System Name" on Page 72
- See "Editing the System Quick Key" on Page 73
- See "Setting System Lockout" on Page 73
- See "Setting the System Hold Time" on Page 74
- See "Setting the Channel Delay Time" on Page 74
- See "Setting ID Scan/Search (Trunked Systems Only)" on Page 75
- See "Editing the Fleet Map (Motorola Systems Only)" on Page 75 (**must be set up for Type I systems**)

- See“Setting the Motorola Status Bit (Motorola Systems Only)” on Page 76
- See “Setting the End Code Operation (Motorola Systems Only)” on Page 77
- See “Setting I-Call (Motorola and EDACS Systems Only)” on Page 77
- See “Setting Emergency Alert (Motorola and EDACS Systems Only)” on Page 78
- See “Adjusting the P25 Level (Motorola and Conventional Systems Only)” on Page 79
- See “Setting Control-Channel Only (Motorola Systems Only)” on Page 78
- See “Setting System Lockout” on Page 73
- See “Reviewing Locked Out Frequencies” on Page 104
- See “Setting System Attenuation (Trunked Systems Only)” on Page 81
- See “Deleting Systems” on Page 81
- See “Copying Systems” on Page 81
- See “Setting System Frequencies” on Page 63
- See “Entering/Editing Motorola Channel Groups” on Page 65

Setting System Frequencies

Menu → `Program System` → ↓

↺ Select the system → ↓

↺ `Set Frequencies` ↓

Input a system frequency, then press the scroll control.

To enter additional frequencies, press Menu, use the scroll control to select `New Frequency`, then repeat the above.

Note: If you select Control Channel Only mode (see “Setting Control-Channel Only (Motorola Systems Only)” on Page 78), you only need to enter the frequency(s) that can be assigned as the control channel. Most frequency lists usually indicate which of the frequencies are the control channel frequencies. Otherwise, you must enter all of the frequencies.

Setting Modulation

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Set Modulation ↓

Auto - the scanner uses the default modulation for the frequency band.

FM - the scanner uses FM (frequency modulation) for the frequency band.

NFM - the scanner uses narrowband FM for the frequency band.

Note: The default setting is Auto.

This setting controls the modulation method used for the frequency band. In most cases, if you leave this set to Auto, the scanner automatically selects the correct modulation type for the system you are programming.

Setting Attenuation

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Set Attenuator ↓

This setting controls whether the attenuator will be on or off for the current system. Select your setting then press the scroll control.

Off - the attenuator is off.

On - system frequencies are attenuated by about 18 dB.

Notes:

- Turn on this setting if you are near strong signal sources. Attenuation can help reduce interference and desensitization that strong signals create.
- You can also turn this setting on or off by holding on a trunked system, then pressing Func + **E**.

Entering/Editing Motorola Channel Groups

To enter channels in a system, first set up a channel group (or groups) to hold the channels. Then, enter the channel and channel parameters in the group(s).

Setting Up a Channel Group

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Group ↓

The scanner creates a group with a default name of Group nn. nn increments by one for each new group you create within a system.

Next, refer to the appropriate section to set group-wide options:

- See “Entering/Editing the Group Name” on Page 82
- See “Setting the Group Quick Key” on Page 83
- See “Deleting Groups” on Page 83
- See “Copying Systems” on Page 81
- See “Entering/Editing Motorola Channels” on Page 65
- See “Setting I-Call (Motorola and EDACS Systems Only)” on Page 77

Entering/Editing Motorola Channels

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Group ↓
↺ Select the group → ↓
↺ Edit Channel → ↓
↺ New Channel→ ↓
Enter a talk group ID → ↓

Refer to the appropriate section to change a channel setting:

- See “Adjusting the P25 Level (Motorola and Conventional Systems Only)” on Page 79
- See “Editing the Channel Name” on Page 84
- See “Editing the Talk Group ID” on Page 86
- See “Setting Channel Lockout” on Page 89
- See “Deleting Channels” on Page 89
- See “Copying/Pasting Channels” on Page 90

To program another channel within the same group, press Menu, then repeat the above. To create another channel group and enter more channels, press Menu three times, then proceed from “Entering/Editing Motorola Channel Groups” on Page 65.

Programming EDACS Systems

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ New System ↓
↺ EDCS ↓
Confirm? Yes=”E” / No=”.”

Next, rotate the scroll control to select the type of EDACS system you want to program, then briefly press the scroll control to select it.

- WIDE - Use for wideband EDACS systems
- NARROW - Use for narrowband EDACS systems
- SCAT - Use for EDACS SCAT (Single Channel Autonomous Trunking)

Confirm? Yes=”E” / No=”.”

The scanner creates an empty EDACS system, with a default name of System n E.
n is a number that increments as you add new systems. E indicates that this is an EDACS system.

Next, refer to the appropriate section to set system-wide options. For most settings, you can accept the default. However, for the items in **bold**, you must enter information in order for your scanner to scan the system.

- See “Editing the System Name” on Page 72
- See “Editing the System Quick Key” on Page 73
- See “Setting System Lockout” on Page 73
- See “Setting the System Hold Time” on Page 74
- See “Setting the Channel Delay Time” on Page 74
- See “Setting ID Scan/Search (Trunked Systems Only)” on Page 75
- See “Setting I-Call (Motorola and EDACS Systems Only)” on Page 77
- See “Adjusting the P25 Level (Motorola and Conventional Systems Only)” on Page 79
- See “Setting the EDACS ID Format (EDACS Systems Only)” on Page 80
- See “Reviewing Locked Out Frequencies” on Page 104
- See “Setting Channel Attenuation (Conventional Channels Only)” on Page 88
- See “Deleting Systems” on Page 81
- See “Copying Systems” on Page 81
- See “Setting System Frequencies” on Page 67
- See “Entering/Editing EDACS Channel Groups” on Page 68

Setting System Frequencies

Menu → Program System → ↓

↺ Select the system → ↓

↺ Set Frequencies ↓

↺ New Frequency ↓

Input a system frequency, then press the scroll control. The scanner then prompts you to enter the LCN for the entered frequency. Enter the LCN, then press the scroll control.

To enter additional frequencies, press Menu, use the scroll control to select New Frequency, then repeat the above.

Note: The scanner only accepts a single frequency and no LCN for SCAT systems.

Entering/Editing EDACS Channel Groups

To enter channels in a system, first set up a channel group (or groups) to hold the channels. Then, enter the channel and channel parameters in the group(s).

Setting Up a Channel Group

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Group ↓

The scanner creates a group with a default name of Group nn. nn increments by one for each new group you create within a system.

Next, refer to the appropriate section to set group-wide options:

- See “Entering/Editing the Group Name” on Page 82
- See “Setting the Group Quick Key” on Page 83
- See “Deleting Groups” on Page 83
- See “Editing the Channel Name” on Page 84
- See “Setting Group Lockout” on Page 83

Entering/Editing EDACS Channels

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Group ↓
↺ Select the group → ↓
↺ Edit Channel → ↓
↺ New Channel→ ↓
Enter a talk group ID → ↓

Refer to the appropriate section to change a channel setting:

- See “Editing the Channel Name” on Page 84
- See “Setting Channel Lockout” on Page 89
- See “Editing the Talk Group ID” on Page 86
- See “Deleting Channels” on Page 89
- See “Copying/Pasting Channels” on Page 90

To program another channel within the same group, press Menu, then repeat the above. To create another channel group and enter more channels, press Menu three times, then proceed from “Entering/Editing EDACS Channel Groups” on Page 68.

Programming LTR Systems

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ New System ↓
↺ LT ↓
Confirm? Yes=”E” / No=”.”

The scanner creates an empty LTR system, with a default name of System n L.
n is a number that increments as you add new systems. L indicates that this is an LTR system.

Next, refer to the appropriate section to set system-wide options. For most settings, you can accept the default. However, for the items in **bold**, you must enter information in order for your scanner to scan the system.

- See “Editing the System Name” on Page 72
- See “Setting the System Hold Time” on Page 74
- See “Editing the System Quick Key” on Page 73
- See “Setting the Channel Delay Time” on Page 74
- See “Setting ID Scan/Search (Trunked Systems Only)” on Page 75
- See “Reviewing Locked Out Frequencies” on Page 104
- See “Setting Channel Attenuation (Conventional Channels Only)” on Page 88
- See “Deleting Systems” on Page 81

- See “Copying Systems” on Page 81
- See “Setting System Frequencies” on Page 70
- **See “Entering/Editing LTR Channel Groups” on Page 70**

Setting System Frequencies

Menu → Program System → ↓

↺ Select the system → ↓

↺ Set Frequencies ↓

↺ New Frequency ↓

Input a system frequency, then press the scroll control. The scanner then prompts you to enter the LCN for the entered frequency. Enter the LCN, then press the scroll control.

To enter additional frequencies, press Menu, use the scroll control to select New Frequency, then repeat the above.

Entering/Editing LTR Channel Groups

To enter channels in a system, first set up a channel group (or groups) to hold the channels. Then, enter the channel and channel parameters in the group(s).

Setting Up a Channel Group

Menu → Program System → ↓

↺ Select the system → ↓

↺ Edit Group ↓

The scanner creates a group with a default name of Group nn. nn increments by one for each new group you create within a system.

Next, refer to the appropriate section to set group-wide options:

- See “Entering/Editing the Group Name” on Page 82
- See “Setting the Group Quick Key” on Page 83

- See “Setting Group Lockout” on Page 83
- See “Deleting Groups” on Page 83
- See “Entering/Editing LTR Channels/ Talkgroups” on Page 71

Entering/Editing LTR Channels/ Talkgroups

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Group ↓
↺ Select the group → ↓
↺ Edit Channel → ↓
↺ New Channel→ ↓
Enter a talk group ID → ↓

Refer to the appropriate section to change a channel setting:

- See “Editing the Channel Name” on Page 84
- See “Setting Channel Lockout” on Page 89
- See “Editing the Talk Group ID” on Page 86
- See “Deleting Channels” on Page 89
- See “Copying/Pasting Channels” on Page 90

To program another channel within the same group, press Menu, then repeat the above.

To create another channel group and enter more channels, press Menu four times, then proceed from “Setting Up a Channel Group” on Page 70.

To direct-enter LTR talkgroups, follow the steps under “Quick-Storing Channels or Talk Group ID’s” on Page 47.

Programming/Editing Optional Settings

This section details the instructions for each of the optional programming steps referred to in “Programming Radio Systems” on Page 59. Use the instructions in the appropriate section to enter or edit a setting.

System-Level Settings

These settings apply to the entire system.

Editing the System Name

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Name ↓

To enter a letter, turn the scroll control until the character you want appears. To enter a decimal point, press •. To move the cursor to the left, press **〈/4** or hold Func and rotate the scroll control to the left**.** To move the cursor to the right, press **6/〉** or hold Func and rotate the scroll control to the right**.**

To clear a character, press **No** twice. To clear all characters, press **No** 3 times.

To accept an entry, press **E** or press down on the scroll control.

Hints:

- Each system name can be up to 16 characters. Abbreviate as necessary to fit.
- The default system names include the following letter in the 16th position to indicate the system type:

  M = Motorola
  E = EDACS
  L = LTR
  C = Conventional

Editing the System Quick Key

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Sys Option ↓
Set Quick Key ↓

After selecting this option, select any number from 0-99 to assign the system to a quick key or press **No** to assign the system to no quick key, then press **E**.

Hints:

- Access single-digit system Quick Keys by pressing the single digit on the keypad during scanning. Access two-digit system Quick Keys by pressing • then both digits.
- You can assign as many systems to the same quick key as you want.
- To be scanned, a system's quick key must be activated and the system must be unlocked.

Setting System Lockout

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Sys Option ↓
↺ Set Lockout ↓

This setting controls whether the system is scanned when its quick key is enabled. Rotate the scroll control to select your setting, then press **E**.

Locked - the system is not scanned

Unlocked - the system is scanned

Note: You can also lock or unlock a system by holding Func and rotating the scroll control to select the system, then pressing Func + **L/O**.

Setting the System Hold Time

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Sys Option ↓
↺ Set Hold Time ↓

This setting controls how many seconds the scanner scans a system before moving to the next unlocked system. Enter a value from 0-255, then press **E** to save the setting.

Notes:

- This setting is available only when a control channel exists in a trunked system.
- If you select 0, the scanner stays on the system for a minimal time (only long enough to check current system activity).
- The default setting is 2 seconds for each system.
- For conventional systems, all unlocked channels will be scanned at least once regardless of this setting.
- The scanner moves to the next system after the hold time expires, any current transmission ends, and the channel delay time expires.
- Due to the control method for these system types, the scanner always scans LTR and EDACS SCAT systems for at least 1 second.

Setting the Channel Delay Time

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Sys Option ↓
↺ Set Delay Time ↓

This setting controls how many seconds the scanner waits after a transmission ends before resuming

scanning. Enter a value from 1-5 or Off, then press the scroll control.

Notes:

- The default setting is 2 seconds for each system.
- This setting applies to all channels within the system.

Setting ID Scan/Search (Trunked Systems Only)

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Sys Option ↓
↺ ID Scan/Search ↓

This setting controls how the system will be scanned. Select your setting, then press **E**.

ID Scan - the scanner only stops on channels you have programmed into the system.

ID Search - the scanner stops on any transmission for unlocked talk group ID's.

Note: You can also change this setting by pressing **Scan** while scanning the system.

Editing the Fleet Map (Motorola Systems Only)

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Sys Option ↓
↺ Edit Fleet Map ↓

For Motorola Type I systems, you must enter a system fleet map in order for the scanner to properly track and display talk group ID's. The fleet map is usually included in the same resource that provided system frequencies and talk group ID lists.

Rotate the scroll control to select the fleet map:

`Preset` - select from the 16 most common fleet maps (see “Preset Fleet Maps” on Page 125). Press **E** to select.

`Custom` - allows you to enter a custom fleet map. Enter the size code for each block. Press **E** to select.

Notes:

- If you don't know the fleet map for your Motorola Type I system, check the Internet. This information is commonly posted on sites such as those we reference in “Where To Get More Information” on Page 29.
- The default setting of no fleet map is the correct setting for Motorola Type II systems.

Setting the Motorola Status Bit (Motorola Systems Only)

Menu → `Program System` → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ `Edit Sys Option` ↓
↺ `Set Status Bit` ↓

Motorola analog systems use talk group ID's in multiples of 16. ID numbers that fall between these ID's indicate special status flags for the system. This setting determines how the scanner will handle ID's that are not multiples of 16. Select your setting then press **E**.

`Ignore` - the scanner rounds all received ID's down to the next interval of 16.

`Yes` - the scanner treats all received ID's as unique ID's.

Note: The default setting is `Ignore`.

Setting the End Code Operation (Motorola Systems Only)

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Sys Option ↓
↺ Set End Code ↓

This setting determines how the scanner handles the transmission end code sent by most Motorola systems. Select your setting then press **E**.

Yes - the scanner immediately returns to the control channel when it detects the end code.

Ignore - the scanner does not return to the control channel until the carrier drops.

Note: The default setting is Yes.

Setting I-Call (Motorola and EDACS Systems Only)

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Sys Option ↓
↺ Set I-Call ↓

This setting determines how your scanner treats I-calls while ID Searching.

On - the scanner tracks I-calls. Press **E** to select.

Off - the scanner ignores I-calls. Press **E** to select.

Only - the scanner only tracks I-calls and ignores other radio traffic on the system. Press **E** to select.

Note: The default setting is Off.

Setting Emergency Alert (Motorola and EDACS Systems Only)

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Sys Option ↓
↺ Emergency Alert ↓

Off - the scanner does not alert you to emergency transmissions.

Alert 1 - 9 the scanner sounds an alert beep to notify you of the emergency transmission. You can choose any of 9 different beep types.

→ Set Level

Auto - the scanner automatically sets the emergency alert beep to the master volume level.

Level 1 - 15 - the scanner adjusts the volume you hear to the level you select.

Setting Control-Channel Only (Motorola Systems Only)

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Sys Option ↓
↺ Set C-Ch Only ↓

This setting determines the frequencies you need to enter for Motorola systems. Select your setting, then press **E**.

Off - you must enter all voice and control channel frequencies.

On - you only need to enter control channel frequencies.

Note: The scanner defaults to On.

Reviewing Locked Out Frequencies

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Sys Option ↓
↺ Rvw ID: Srch L/O ↓

The scanner displays the first locked-out frequency and prompts you to unlock the frequency. Press **E** to unlock the frequency. Or, rotate the scroll control or press **No** to select a different frequency. To exit the review, press Menu.

Clearing All Locked-Out IDs

Menu → Program System → ↓
↺ Select the system → ↓
↺ Edit Sys Option ↓
↺ Clr All L/O IDs ↓

The scanner prompts you to confirm deletion.
To confirm and delete all locked-out frequencies, press **E**. Otherwise, to cancel, press **No**.

Adjusting the P25 Level (Motorola and Conventional Systems Only)

Menu → Program System →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ Edit Sys Option ↓
↺ Adjust P25 Level ↓

This setting determines some system-specific parameters for digital channels. In most cases, setting this to Auto provides the best performance. However, you can also manually set the digital decode threshold. This setting affects all channels in the current system.

`Auto` - the scanner automatically adjusts the digital decode threshold to match the transmission you are hearing when it receives a strong signal and has a high decode rate.

`Manual` - lets you manually adjust the digital decode threshold. To manually adjust the P25 level, select `Manual`.

`Default` - sets the digital decode threshold to the default value. Use this setting to return to the value that usually provides adequate performance. This is handy is you have manually adjusted the value to a setting that prevents proper decoding.

Note: This setting has no effect on how these systems are received.

Setting the EDACS ID Format (EDACS Systems Only)

Menu → `Program System` →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ `Edit Sys Option` ↓
↺ `EDCS ID Format` ↓

EDACS talk group ID's are commonly provided in one of two formats: AFS and Decimal. This setting determines how you enter EDACS ID's and how the scanner displays them.

`AFS Format` - the scanner uses AFS format for talk group ID's

`Decimal Format` - the scanner uses decimal format for talkgroup ID's

Notes:

- The scanner defaults to AFS (agency, fleet, subfleet) format - the format used in most EDACS systems.
- See “EDACS Trunking” on Page 27 for more information about the AFS format.

Setting System Attenuation (Trunked Systems Only)

Menu → Program System →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ Set Attenuator ↓

This setting controls whether the attenuator will be on or off for the current system. Select your setting then press **E**.

Off - the attenuator is off.

On - system frequencies are attenuated by about 18 dB.

Notes:

- Turn on this setting if you are near strong signal sources. Attenuation can help reduce interference and desensitization that strong signals create.
- You can also turn this setting on or off by holding on a trunked system, then pressing Func + **E**.

Deleting Systems

Menu → Program System →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ Delete System ↓

The scanner prompts you to confirm deletion. To confirm, press **E**. To cancel, press **No**.

Notes:

- Deleted systems cannot be restored. You must re-enter them.
- You cannot restore preloaded systems.

Copying Systems

To copy a system including all settings, groups, and channels:

Menu → Program System →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ Copy System ↓
New Sys Name?

Enter a name for the copied system, then press E.

Group-Level Settings

The settings in this section apply to all of the channels stored in the current group.

Entering/Editing the Group Name

Menu → Program System →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ Edit Group ↓
Select the group → ↓
Edit Name → ↓

Follow these steps to enter/edit the group name.

1. Rotate the scroll control to select the first letter.
2. Press and hold down Func then rotate the scroll control once to select the next letter.
3. Repeat Steps 1 and 2 until you have entered the system name. Then press **E** or press down on the scroll control to accept the setting.

Hints:

- Each group name can be up to 16 characters. Abbreviate as necessary to fit.
- The group and system name alternate in the top line of the display when the scanner stops on a channel.
- Press • twice to delete the current character.
- Press • three times to clear the entire alpha tag.

Setting the Group Quick Key

Menu → Program System →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ Edit Group ↓
Select the group → ↓
↺ Set Quick Key → ↓

After selecting this option, press **0**-**9** to assign the group to a quick key or press **No** to assign the system to no quick key, then press **E**.

Hints:

- You can assign as many groups to the same quick key as you want.
- A group's quick key must be activated to be scanned.

Setting Group Lockout

Menu → Program System →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ Edit Group ↓
Select the group → ↓
↺ Set Lockout → ↓

This setting determines whether the scanner will scan this group when it is enabled. Select your setting, then press **E**.

Lockout - the group is not scanned.

Unlocked - the group is scanned.

Note: The default setting is Unlocked.

Deleting Groups

Menu → Program System →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ Edit Group ↓
Select the group → ↓
↺ Delete Group → ↓

The scanner prompts you to confirm deletion. To confirm, press **E**. To cancel, press **No**.

Note: Deleted groups cannot be restored. You must re-enter them.

Channel-Level Settings

These settings affect only the channel you are programming.

Editing the Channel Name

Menu → Program System →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ Edit Group ↓
Select the group → ↓
↺ Edit Channel → ↓
Select the channel → ↓
↺ Edit Name→ ↓

Follow these steps to enter/edit the channel name.

1. Rotate the scroll control to select the first letter.
2. Press and hold down Func then rotate the scroll control once to select the next letter.
3. Repeat Steps 1 and 2 until you have entered the channel name. Then press **E** or press down on the scroll control to accept the setting.

Hints:

- Each channel name can be up to 16 characters. Abbreviate as necessary to fit.
- The channel name appears on the second line of the display when the scanner stops on a channel.
- If you do not enter a channel name, the scanner displays the frequency (for conventional systems) or the talk group ID (for trunked systems) when it stops on a channel.

- Press • twice to delete the current character.
- Press • three times to clear the entire alpha tag.
- Channel names take up extra memory. To maximize channels, use channel names only where necessary.

Editing Frequencies (Conventional Channels Only)

Menu → Program System →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ Edit Group ↓
Select the group → ↓
↺ Edit Channel → ↓
Select the channel → ↓
Input Frequency

Input the frequency, then press the scroll control. To change the frequency you entered, turn the scroll control to select Edit Frequency, then press the scroll control.

Setting Channel Priority (Conventional Channels Only)

Menu → Program System →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ Edit Group ↓
Select the group → ↓
↺ Edit Channel → ↓
Select the channel → ↓
↺ Set Priority→ ↓

This setting controls whether the scanner treats the channel as a priority channel while scanning. Select your setting, then press **E**.

`On` - when you turn on the Priority feature, the channel will be scanned every 2 seconds. P appears.

`Off` - the channel will not be treated with priority.

Note: The default setting is `Off`.

Setting Channel Alert

Menu → `Program System` →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ `Edit Group` ↓
Select the group → ↓
↺ `Edit Channel` → ↓
Select the channel → ↓
↺ `Set Alert` → ↓

`Off` - the scanner does not alert you to emergency transmissions.

`Alert 1 - 9` - the scanner sounds an alert beep to notify you of the emergency transmission. You can choose any of 9 different beep types.

→ `Set Level`

`Auto` - the scanner automatically sets the emergency alert beep to the master volume level.

`Level 1 - 15` - the scanner adjusts the volume you hear to the level you select.

Editing the Talk Group ID

Menu → `Program System` →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ `Edit Group` ↓
Select the group → ↓
↺ `Edit Channel` → ↓
Select the talk group ID → ↓
↺ `Edit TGID` → ↓

To edit the talk group ID, enter the talk group ID you want using the number keys on the keypad. Then press down on the scroll control to accept it.

Setting CTCSS/DCS (Conventional Channels Only)

Menu → Program System →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ Edit Group ↓
Select the group → ↓
↺ Edit Channel → ↓
Select the channel → ↓
↺ Set CTCSS/DCS→ ↓

This setting controls how a subaudible CTCSS or DCS is used for the channel. Select your setting, then press **E**.

Off - any signal opens squelch.

Search - the scanner searches for and displays any CTCSS or DCS tone that accompanies the transmission.

CTCSS - the scanner only opens squelch if the CTCSS tone you select is also present with the signal. The scanner then prompts you to enter or scroll to the desired tone.

DCS - the scanner only opens squelch if the DCS tone you select is also present with the signal. The scanner then prompts you to enter or scroll to the desired tone.

Set Lockout - the scanner does not stop on the channel if the tone you select is present. The scanner prompts you to select a CTCSS or DCS tone.

Notes:

- The scanner will not detect or decode P25 signals if you turn on CTCSS/DCS search.
- The default setting is Off.
- See “What is CTCSS/DCS?” on Page 20 for a complete list of CTCSS and DCS tones.

Setting the System Frequency Modulation

Menu → ↺ Srch/CloCall Opt → ↓
↺ Set Modulation ↓

Auto - the scanner uses the default modulation for the frequency band.

AM - the scanner uses AM (amplitude modulation) for the frequency band.

FM - the scanner uses FM (frequency modulation) for the frequency band.

NFM - the scanner uses narrowband FM for the frequency band.

WFM - the scanner uses wideband FM for the frequency band.

Note: The default setting is Auto.

This setting controls the modulation method used for the frequency band. In most cases, if you leave this set to Auto, the scanner automatically selects the correct modulation type for the system you are programming.

Setting Channel Attenuation (Conventional Channels Only)

Menu → Program System →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ Edit Group ↓
Select the group → ↓
↺ Edit Channel → ↓
Select the channel → ↓
↺ Set Attenuator→ ↓

This setting controls whether the scanner attenuates signals on this channel. Select your setting, then press **E**.

`On` - the channel is attenuated by about 18 dB.

`Off` - the channel is not attenuated.

Notes:

- The default setting is `Off`.
- For trunked systems, the attenuation is a system-level setting.
- You can also toggle this setting by holding on the channel and pressing Func and **E**.

Setting Channel Lockout

Menu → `Program System` → **E** ↺
Select the system → **E** ↺
`Edit Group` → **E** ↺
Select the group → **E** ↺
↺ `Edit Channel` → ↓
Select the channel → ↓
↺ `Set Lockout`→ ↓

This setting determines whether the scanner will scan this channel when its system and group are enabled. Select your setting, then press **E**.

`Lockout` - the channel is not scanned.

`Unlocked` - the channel is scanned.

Notes:

- The default setting is `Unlocked`.
- You can also lock or unlock a channel by selecting it while scanning or holding, then pressing **L/O**. See “Basic Operation” on Page 42.

Deleting Channels

Menu → `Program System` →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ `Edit Group` ↓

Select the group → ↓

↺ `Edit Channel` → ↓

Select the channel → ↓

↺ `Delete Channel`→ ↓

The scanner prompts you to confirm deletion.
To confirm, press **E**. To cancel, press **No**.

Note: Deleted channels cannot be restored. You must re-enter them.

Copying/Pasting Channels

To copy a channel including all settings:

Menu → `Program System` →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ `Edit Group` ↓
Select the group → ↓
↺ `Edit Channel` → ↓
Select the channel → ↓
↺ `Copy Channel`→ ↓

The scanner copies the channel into a copy buffer.
To paste the channel into the same or another system:

Menu → `Program System` →
↺ Select the system ↓
↺ `Edit Group` ↓
Select the group → ↓
↺ `Edit Channel` → ↓
Select the channel → ↓
↺ `Paste Channel`→ ↓

Then, if necessary, edit the channel you copied to give it a unique name and other settings.

Note: The paste option appears only if you have previously copied a channel from a system of the same type you are currently editing.

Searching and Storing

Service Search

Service Search lets you quickly select and search the scanner's preprogrammed search ranges. During service search, the scanner searches starting with the lowest frequency in the search range you select to the highest frequency in the range.

1. Press Menu then turn the scroll control until `Search for . . .` appears. Then press down on the scroll control. The search feature options appear.
2. Press down on the scroll control to select `Service Search`.
3. Turn the scroll control until the type of service search you want appears, then press down on the scroll control to select it. The following search bands appear.
   - `Public Safety`
   - `News`
   - `HAM Radio`
   - `Marine`
   - `Railroad`
   - `Air`
   - `CB Radio`
   - `FRS/GMRS`
   - `Racing`
   - `TV Broadcast`
   - `FM Broadcast`
   - `Special`

The scanner searches the service you selected, stopping on any transmission it finds and displaying the frequency. Turn the scroll control to change the search direction. An arrow appears, showing the current search direction.

To hold searching, press **Hold**. To resume searching, press Func then press **Scan/Srch**. Or, press **Hold**.

To lock out a frequency found while searching, press **L/O**. `Locked Out` appears and the scanner resumes service search.

Notes:

- If all frequencies in the search band you selected are locked out, `All Locked!` appears and the scanner does not search the band.
- If the service you select uses channels (such as CB Radio or Marine), the scanner displays the service channel number.

Quick Search

Quick Search lets you search from the currently-tuned frequency if you are scanning a conventional system or sets the system to ID search if you are scanning a trunked system.

If you are on a conventional system or channel, press Func and **Scan/Srch** to start quick search. `Quick Search Yes = E / No = "."` appears. `Qck Search Hold` appears if you press **Hold**. Press **E** to start quick search or **No** to go to the search menu.

CTCSS/DCS Search

CTCSS/DCS Search lets you search for CTCSS or DCS tones when it finds an active frequency in search and Close Call modes. You can identify up to 50 CTCSS tones and 104 DCS codes.

Turning this option on lets the scanner search for CTCSS/DCS tones. If the scanner detects the tone, it displays the tone's frequency and DCS code.

Note: The scanner will not detect or decode P25 signals if you turn on CTCSS/DCS search.

1. Press Menu then turn the scroll control until `Srch/CloCall Opt` appears. Then press the scroll control. One of the search feature options appear.
2. Turn the scroll control until `CTCSS/DCS Search` appears, then press the scroll control to select it.

3. Turn the scroll control until `On` appears to turn on CTCSS/DCS search or until `Off` appears to turn it off, then press the scroll control.

Custom Search

Custom Search lets you program and search 10 custom search ranges. You can search any of these ranges simultaneously and select each custom search range you set. During custom search, the scanner searches starting with the lowest frequency in the search range you select to the highest frequency in the range.

Notes:

- Search ranges are preset. See “Editing a Custom Search Range” on Page 94 to change the range.
- You cannot turn off all custom search ranges.

1. Press **Menu** then turn the scroll control until `Search for ...` appears. Then press the scroll control. Or, press **Func** + **Scan/Srch**, then select **No**. One of the search feature options appear.
2. Turn the scroll control until `Custom Search` appears, then press the scroll control to select it. The scanner starts custom search of the custom search range you selected, stopping on any transmission it finds and displaying the frequency. Turn the scroll control to change the search direction. An arrow appears, showing the current search direction.

To turn search ranges on or off, press **0** and **1**-**9**.
To hold searching, press **Hold**. To resume searching, press **Func** then press **Scan/Srch** or **Hold** again.

To lock out a frequency found while searching, press **L/O**. `Locked Out` appears and the scanner resumes custom search.

If you turn off the active custom search range, the scanner skips to the next custom search range and continues searching.

Note: If all frequencies in all active custom search ranges are locked out, `All Locked!` appears and the scanner does not stop.

Editing a Custom Search Range

You can edit up to 10 custom search ranges. The names of the custom search ranges appear on the display. The default custom search range names appear as `Custom 1`, `Custom 2`, and so on.

1. Press Menu then turn the scroll control until `Search for ...` appears. Then press the scroll control. Or press Func and **Srch**, then **No**. One of the search feature options appear.
2. Turn the scroll control until `Edit Custom` appears, then press the scroll control to select it.
3. Turn the scroll control until the name of the custom search range you want to edit appears, then press the scroll control to select it. The following options appear as you turn the scroll control.

`Edit Name` - lets you edit the custom search range's name

`Edit Srch Limit` - lets you view and select the frequency ranges to search. The scanner prompts you to enter the upper and lower search limits.

`Set Delay Time` - lets you set the amount of time the scanner will delay before continuing to search after a transmission ends

`Set Modulation` - lets you set the custom search range's modulation type

`Set Attenuator` - lets you set whether the scanner will attenuate reception by 18dB during search

`Set Data Skip` - lets you set whether the scanner will skip data transmissions during search

`Set Step` - lets you set the custom search range's step (the gap between frequencies)

`Set C-Ch Only` - lets you search for a Motorola control channel. If it finds one, the scanner scans the system.

`Adjust P25 Level` - adjusts the digital decode threshold to match the transmission you are hearing when it receives a strong signal and has a high decode rate.

`Search with Scan` - sets whether the scanner includes the custom search during scanning. If unlocked, the scanner first scans all selected systems, then searches the selected service searches for the selected hold time (0-255 seconds).

4. Select the option you want to change for the custom search range you selected, then press the scroll control.

Editing a Service Search

You can change the way service search works for each service.

1. Press Menu then turn the scroll control until `Search for ...` appears. Then press the scroll control. Or press Func and **Srch**, then **No**. One of the search feature options appear.
2. Turn the scroll control until `Edit Service` appears, then press the scroll control to select it.
3. Turn the scroll control to highlight the service search you want to edit, then press the scroll control to select it.

- `Set Delay Time` This setting determines how long the scanner waits after a transmission ends before resuming quick search or Close Call operation. Select your setting, then press the scroll control.

  `Off` The scanner resumes immediately when the transmission ends.

`1-5 sec` The scanner waits the set amount of time after the transmission ends before resuming.

Note: The default setting is `2 sec`.

- `Set Attenuator` This setting controls the attenuator for search operation. Select your setting, then press the scroll control.

  `Off` The attenuator is off.
  `On` Reception is attenuated by about 18 dB.

  Note: Turn on this setting if you are near other strong signal sources. Attenuation sometimes helps to reduce interference and desensitization that strong signals create.

- `Search with Scan` This setting controls how search with scan works.

  - `Set Lockout` This setting controls whether the system is scanned when its quick key is enabled. Rotate the scroll control to select your setting, then press the scroll control.

    `Locked` - the system is not scanned
    `Unlocked` - the system is scanned

    Note: You can also lock or unlock a system by pressing Func, selecting the system, then pressing Func + **L/O**.

  - `Set Hold Time` This setting controls how many seconds the scanner scans a system before moving to the next unlocked system. Enter a value from 0-255, then press the scroll control to save the setting.

    Notes:

    - If you select 0, the scanner stays on the system for a minimal time (only long enough to check current system activity).
    - The default setting is 2 seconds for each system.

- For conventional systems, all unlocked channels will be scanned at least once regardless of this setting.
- The scanner moves to the next system after the hold time expires, any current transmission ends, and the channel delay time expires.

Auto Search and Store

Your scanner's Auto Store feature lets you search for new frequencies in custom search ranges or within a service search range on a conventional system, or new talk group ID's on a trunked system.

Selecting a System

To store frequencies or talk group ID's you find during Auto Store, you must first select a system where the frequencies or talk group ID's will be stored.

1. Press Menu then turn the scroll control until `Search for ...` appears. Then press the scroll control. One of the search feature options appear.
2. Turn the scroll control until `Search and Store` appears, then press the scroll control to select it.
3. Turn the scroll control until the system where you want to store the frequencies or talk group ID's appears, then press the scroll control to select it.

   If no systems are programmed, or all systems are locked out, `No System Stored` appears. If you have already stored too many systems, `Over Limit` appears.

Storing a Conventional System

You can store frequencies into the system you selected in "Selecting a System". Otherwise, the scanner stores frequencies in a new group it creates.

1. Follow Steps 1-3 under “Selecting a System” on Page 97. A search option appears.
2. Turn the scroll control until the type of search you want appears, then press the scroll control to select it. A search band appears.

   If all systems are locked out, `All Locked!` appears and the scanner does not store any frequencies.

When you select a search range, the scanner looks for active frequencies within that range and `Search and Store` appears on the display’s lower line and the system name and search range name appear on the display’s upper line. When the scanner finds an active transmission, it checks to see if the frequency has already been stored in the system. If the frequency has already been stored, the scanner continues to search. If the frequency has not been stored, it stores the frequency into a group named `Found Channels`, then resumes searching. The scanner creates this group if it doesn’t already exist.

Storing a Trunked System

You can store talk group ID’s into the system you selected in “Selecting a System”. Otherwise, the scanner stores talk group ID’s in a new group it creates.

Note: Trunked system search and store does not work if an EDACS SCAT system is selected, a system with no frequency is selected, the selected system is locked out or the quick key to which the system belongs is turned off, and the group you selected to store found talk group ID’s contains more talk group ID’s than the maximum set in Max Auto Store.

To store a trunked system, follow Steps 1-3 under “Selecting a System” on Page 97. The scanner enters ID Search and Store mode.

If all systems are locked out, `All Locked!` appears and the scanner does not store any frequencies.

When you select a search range, the scanner looks for active talk group ID's within that range and `ID Search and Store` appears on the display's lower line and the system name and search range name appear on the display's upper line. When the scanner finds an active talk group ID, it checks if the talk group ID has already been stored in the system. If it has, the scanner continues to search. If the talk group ID has not been stored, it stores the talk group ID into a group named `Found Channels`, then resumes searching. The scanner creates this group if it does not already exist.

Using the Close Call Feature

Your scanner's Close Call™ feature lets you set the scanner so it detects, displays the frequency of, and lets you hear a nearby strong radio transmission. You can set the scanner so the Close Call feature works "in the background" while you are scanning other frequencies, turn off normal scanning while the Close Call feature is working, or turn off the Close Call feature and use the scanner normally. You can set the scanner so it alerts you when the Close Call feature finds a frequency. You can also set the frequency band where you want the scanner to look for transmissions.

To turn Close Call detection on or off, press Func then . When the feature is on, appears on the display and normal operation is briefly interrupted about every 2 seconds.

Notes:

- The Close Call feature works well for locating the source of strong local transmissions such as mobile and handheld two-way radios in areas with no other strong transmission sources. Several factors affect Close Call performance, however. Performance is increased with higher transmit power, receive antenna tuned to the target band, and a low background RF level. Other than the antenna, you have no control over these factors, but they explain why performance might vary by both location and time.
- The Close Call feature cannot detect satellite dishes or any transmitter with a frequency above or below the frequency ranges listed under “Setting Close Call Options” on Page 101.
- The Close Call feature works better with some types of transmissions than others. It might not correctly display frequency information for transmitters using a highly directional antenna (such as an amateur radio beam antenna) or if there are many transmitters operating at the same time in the same area.

Setting Close Call Options

1. Press Menu then turn the scroll control until `Close Call` appears. Then press the scroll control. Close Call feature options appear.
2. Turn the scroll control to select an option.
   - `Close Call Only`: Lets you set the scanner only for Close Call searching. The scanner does not scan frequencies or channels when this option is turned on. To select this option, press **E**.
   - `CC Auto Store`: Lets you select whether the scanner automatically stores Close Call hits into channels. If you turn this option on, the scanner starts Close Call mode and stores any Close Call hits, up to the maximum you specified in the Max Auto Store setting. If the scanner stores more hits this setting, it stops Autostore operation.

     Turn the scroll control to display an option, then press the scroll control.
   - `Set CC Mode`: Lets you select the Close Call mode. If you turn this option on, the scanner sets itself to its Close Call settings about once every 2 seconds.

     Turn the scroll control to display an option, then press the scroll control.

     You can also toggle this setting by pressing Func then ⌖
   - `Set CC Override`: Lets you select how the Close Call feature works with other scanning activities. If you turn this option off, when the scanner detects a Close Call signal, `CC Found!` and `"E" to listen` appear for the time you set in `Set CC Pause`. Press the scroll control when this appears to jump to and hold on the frequency.

     If this option is turned on, the scanner overrides the current channel and goes to the Close Call

hit. The scanner displays `CC Found! Press Any Key`. When you press a key, the frequency appears.

Turn the scroll control to display an option, then press the scroll control.

- `Set CC Alert`: Lets you select how the scanner alerts you when it receives a Close Call signal. You can select any of the following options.

  `Select Mode`

  - `Beep` (the scanner beeps when it receives a Close Call signal)
  - `Light` (the backlight turns on when it receives a Close Call signal)
  - `Beep+Light` (the scanner beeps and the backlight turns on when it receives a Close Call signal)
  - `None` (the scanner does not alert)

  `Select Beep`

  - `Off` (the scanner does not beep)
  - `Alert 1-9` - (the scanner sounds an alert beep to notify you of the emergency transmission. When you select an alert level, the scanner automatically enters the setting of the Alert volume level. You can choose different beep types.)

  `Set CC Pause`: Lets you select how long the scanner waits after a hit before it returns to the previous operation.

  - `3/5/10/15/30/45/60 sec.`
  - `Infinite`.

  Turn the scroll control to display an option, then press the scroll control to select it.

- `Set CC Bands`: Lets you select the Close Call band settings. You can turn the following bands on or off.

  `VHF Low 1` (25.0000-53.9800 MHz)
  `VHF Low 2` (54.0000-107.9000 MHz)
  `Air Band` (108.0000 - 136.9750 MHz)
  `VHF High1` (137.0000-224.9800 MHz)
  `VHF High2` (225.0000-319.9500 MHz)
  `UHF` (320.0000 - 512.0000 MHz)
  `800MHz+` (764.0000 - 775.9875 MHz,
  794.0000 - 823.9875 MHz,
  849.0125 - 868.9875 MHz,
  894.0125 - 956.0000 MHz,
  1240.000 - 1300.0000 MHz)

  Use the scroll control to select a band, press the scroll control, then use the scroll control to select `On` or `Off` and press the scroll control. Turning off undesired bands speeds up Close Call operation. (The Close Call feature does not work for frequencies greater than 956 MHz.)

Close Call Hits

When the scanner detects a Close Call hit, it alerts you according to the Override and Alert settings in the previous section. While listening to a Close Call hit, you can press **Hold** to hold on the hit frequency, press the scroll control to quickly save the frequency into memory, press **L/O** to lock out the frequency from Close Call and Search operation, or wait for the transmission to end. If you are in Close Call Only or Close Call Override mode, and you do not press any key, the scanner returns to its previous operation after the transmission ends and the set delay time expires.

If you are holding on the frequency, press **Hold** again to resume the previous operation.

Search and Close Call Options

The settings in this section affect custom searches, service searches, and Close Call operation.

Managing Locked-Out Frequencies

While searching or during Close Call operation, if you press **L/O** while the scanner is stopped on a frequency, that frequency is locked out of these modes. You can lock out up to 200 frequencies.

Note: Locking out a frequency does not lock out a channel that contains that frequency.

Unlocking All Frequencies

Menu → ↺ → Srch/CloCall Opt ↓
Freq Lockouts ↓
Unlock All → ↓

The scanner prompts you to confirm deletion.
To confirm and delete all locked-out frequencies, press the scroll control. Otherwise, to cancel, press **No**.

Reviewing Locked Out Frequencies

Menu → ↺ → Srch/CloCall Opt ↓
Freq Lockouts ↓
↺ Rvw Search L/O → ↓

The scanner displays the first locked-out frequency and prompts you to unlock the frequency. Press the scroll control to unlock the frequency. Or, rotate the scroll control or press **No** to select a different frequency. To exit the review, press Menu.

Searching for Subaudible Tones

Menu → ↺ → Srch/CloCall Opt ↓
↺ CTCSS/DCS Search → ↓

This setting controls whether the scanner will search for a subaudible tone when it stops on a transmission during search or Close Call operation.

`Off` The scanner does not search for subaudible tones.

`On` The scanner searches for and displays any subaudible tone found.

Note: This feature does not operate when the scanner is in AM/WFM modulation mode.

Screening Out Broadcast Sources

Menu → ↺ → `Srch/CloCall Opt` ↓
↺ `Broadcast Screen` → ↓

This setting determines whether the scanner automatically ignores transmissions found during Custom Search, Service Search, or Close Call operation that are on common broadcasts, paging systems, and other annoyance radio sources.

Note: Broadcast screen is not effective during some service searches.

`Set All Band On` - turns on broadcast screen on each band.

`Set All Band Off` - turns off broadcast screen on each band.

`Set Each Band` - lets you set broadcast screen only on specific bands you select. `On` or `Off` appears next to each option. Turn the scroll control to select an option then press the scroll control to change the setting.

- `Pager` - the scanner skips known paging system frequencies.
- `FM` - the scanner skips known FM frequencies.
- `UHF TV` - the scanner skips known UHF TV frequencies.
- `VHF TV` - the scanner skips known VHF TV frequencies.

- `NOAA WX` - the scanner skips known NOAA weather frequencies.
- `Band 1-10` - select the custom band where you want to screen out broadcast sources.

`Program Band` - lets you program a custom frequency range for broadcast screen. Turn the scroll control to select an option then press the scroll control to change the setting.

- `Band 1-10` - select the group where you want to screen out broadcast sources.

  `Set Lower Limit` - turn the scroll control to enter the lower limit of the frequency range, then press the scroll control to set it.

  `Set Upper Limit` - turn the scroll control to enter the upper limit of the frequency range, then press the scroll control to set it.

Finding Repeater Output Frequencies

Menu → ↺ → `Srch/CloCall Opt` ↓
↺ `Repeater Find` → ↓

This feature sets whether the scanner tries to tune to a repeater output frequency during Custom Search, Quick Search, or Close Call operation when it detects a transmission on a repeater input frequency. Since you can normally only hear one side of a conversation when you listen to an input frequency transmission, turning this feature on can let you hear both sides of the conversation.

`On` The scanner automatically applies repeater reverse to detected transmissions. If the scanner detects the transmission on the output frequency, it beeps, `Repeater Found` appears, and it remains on the output frequency until transmissions end. If it does not detect a transmission on the output frequency, it remains on the original frequency.

`Off` The scanner does not try to find the output frequency.

Setting the Maximum Auto Store Value

Menu → ↺ → `Srch/CloCall Opt` ↓
↺ `Max Auto Store` → ↓

This value sets how many hits the scanner will automatically store when it is in either Search and Store or Close Call Auto Store mode.

Use the number keys to enter a value from 1 - 256, then press the scroll control.

When the scanner reaches the maximum number of hits you set, it stops the auto-store operation.

Setting the Modulation Type

Menu → ↺ → `Srch/CloCall Opt` ↓
↺ `Set Modulation` → ↓

This setting controls the modulation type used for quick search and Close Call operations. Select your setting, then press the scroll control.

`Auto` Uses the default setting for the current frequency (see the table at the front of the manual)

`AM` Uses AM (amplitude modulation)

`FM` Uses FM (frequency modulation)

`NFM` Uses narrowband FM

`WFM` Uses narrowband FM

Setting Attenuation

Menu → ↺ → `Srch/CloCall Opt` ↓
↺ `Set Attenuator` → ↓

This setting controls the attenuator for quick search and Close Call operation. Select your setting, then press the scroll control.

`Off` The attenuator is off.

`On` Reception is attenuated by about 18 dB.

Note: Turn on this setting if you are near other strong signal sources. Attenuation sometimes helps to reduce interference and desensitization that strong signals create.

Setting Data Skip

Menu → ↺ → `Srch/CloCall Opt` ↓
↺ `Set Data Skip` → ↓

This setting controls how the scanner behaves when it stops on a channel that has a data signal.

`On` - the scanner stops briefly on the channel, but then immediately resumes scanning automatically. Press **E** to select.

`Off` - the scanner remains on the channel until the transmission stops. Press the scroll control to select.

Notes:

- If you are trying to test the Close Call feature with a nearby transmitter and you do not talk into the transmitter, the scanner will detect this as data and will skip the frequency when Data Skip is on. Turn the feature off or talk into the transmitter.
- This setting is ignored for AM channels.
- The default setting for this feature is `Off`.

Setting the Delay Time

Menu → ↺ → `Srch/CloCall Opt` ↓
↺ `Set Delay Time` → ↓

This setting determines how long the scanner waits after a transmission ends before resuming quick search or Close Call operation. Select your setting, then press the scroll control.

`Off` The scanner resumes immediately when the transmission ends.

`1-5 sec` The scanner waits the set amount of time after the transmission ends before resuming.

Note: The default setting is `2 sec`.

Setting the Search Frequency Step

Menu → ↺ → `Srch/CloCall Opt` ↓
↺ `Set Step` → ↓

This setting selects the frequency step used for setting the channels. Select your setting, then press the scroll control.

`Auto` The step is based on the band (see the table at the front of the manual)

`5.0 kHz`, `6.25kHz`, `7.5 kHz`, `8.33kHz`, `10.0 kHz`, `12.5 kHz`, `15.0 kHz`, `20.0 kHz`, `25.0 kHz`, `50.0 kHz`, `100.0 kHz` The scanner uses the selected step.

Note: The scanner defaults to `Auto`.

Using Weather Alert (SAME)

Your scanner has been primarily designed to be a radio scanner. While it incorporates weather alert as one of its features, we strongly recommend that you not use the scanner as your sole means for receiving emergency alerts. Your local electronics retailer carries several weather radios specifically designed for this function.

Your scanner allows you to search for a local NOAA weather broadcast and set it to alert when a SAME weather alert is broadcast on a NOAA channel. You can also program SAME codes into the scanner and set a weather channel as a priority channel.

In the following sections, you can also access the weather menu from Hold mode by holding Func then pressing **Wx**.

Searching For a Weather Broadcast

Menu → ↺ → WX Operation ↓
Weather Scan → ↓

The scanner starts scanning the preprogrammed weather frequencies, and stops on the first signal. If this station is weak, rotate the scroll control to check for other weather broadcasts in your area.

Note: NOAA broadcasts are continuous broadcasts. You will only lose reception if you move out of a coverage area. If the signal is lost, the scanner resumes searching for a weather transmission.

Turning Weather Alert On/Off

In weather alert mode, your scanner functions as a severe weather warning radio. This is especially useful when your area is expecting severe weather conditions late at night. When you set the scanner to weather alert mode, it holds on the weather channel, but does not play the channel's audio. If it detects a weather alert, it sounds a tone, displays information

about the weather alert, and turns on the audio so you can hear the weather broadcast.

Menu → ↺ → WX Operation ↓
↺ Weather Alert → ↓

This setting determines which types of signals will trigger an alert. Select your setting, then press the scroll control.

Alert Only - the scanner alerts when it detects the 1050 Hz tone that accompanies all weather alerts.

All FIPS - the scanner alerts and displays information about the weather alert when it receives any FIPS code (see “Programming a SAME Group” on Page 111).

SAME 1–5 - the scanner alerts and displays information about the weather alert when it receives a weather alert signal that includes any FIPS code you have programmed into the specified SAME group.

Programming a SAME Group

You can edit any of the 5 SAME groups in your scanner. Each group can have up to 8 FIPS codes.

SAME (Specific Area Messaging System) is a system developed by the National Weather Service to reduce the number of alerts received by consumers by allowing them to hear alerts only for the county(ies) they are interested in. Each alert contains information about the type and severity of the alert, as well as the specific geographic locations affected by the alert.

The geographic locations are designated using FIPS codes. Each county or parish in the US and its territories are assigned a FIPS code. In addition, certain special regions and wildcard settings can be assigned.

FIPS codes are in the format nSSCCC:

n: A special subcounty designator. For an entire county, use 0.

SS: The state code.

CCC: The county code.

For example, Tarrant County in Texas is assigned to FIPS code 048439.

0 indicates the entire county

48 indicates the state of Texas

439 indicates Tarrant County

To get the FIPS code for your county, visit the National Weather Service web site at *http://www.nws.noaa.gov* and search for “FIPS Listing”.

Menu → ↺ → `WX Operation` ↓
↺ `Program SAME` ↓
Select the SAME group to edit ↓

`Edit Name` - enter the name you want to assign to the SAME group you selected.

`Edit County` - select the position you want to store the FIPS code into, then press the scroll control, enter the FIPS code, and press the scroll control again.

Setting WX Alert Priority

Menu → ↺ → `WX Operation` ↓
↺ `WX Alt Priority` ↓ ↺

`On` - the scanner checks the weather channels every 5 seconds for a 1050 Hz weather alert signal. Press the scroll control to select.

`Off` - the scanner does not check the weather channels. Press the scroll control to select.

Using Tone-Out

Fire Tone-Out Operation

Menu → ↺ → Tone-Out for ... ↓

Your scanner can be set up to respond to fire tone-outs that use standard two-tone sequential paging. You can save up to 10 tone-out settings. The scanner continuously monitors the setting you select and alerts you if a transmission is received that matches it.

You need tone-out setup information from the agency you want to be alerted for or from online sources. Uniden America Corporation does not have information for local tone-out systems.

Setting Tone-Out Standby

Menu → ↺ → Tone-Out for ... ↓
Tone-Out Standby ↓

Turn the scroll control until the tone-out standby mode you want to select appears. Then press the scroll control to select it.

Setting Up Tone-Out

Menu → ↺ → Tone-Out for ... ↓
Tone-Out Setup ↓

Tone-Out 1 - 10 select the tone-out you want to work with.

- Edit Name - enter the name you want to assign to the tone-out you selected.
- Set Frequency Lets you set the tone-out's RF frequency.

  Edit Frequency Turn the scroll control to enter the tone-out's frequency.

  Set Modulation:

  - Auto - the scanner uses the default modulation for the frequency band.

- FM - the scanner uses FM (frequency modulation) for the frequency band.
- NFM - the scanner uses narrowband FM for the frequency band.

Note: The default setting is Auto.

Set Attenuator Turn the scroll control to select On or Off.

- Set Tone Lets you set the tone-out type.

  Edit Tone A - Enter the frequency (in Hz) for Tone A

  Edit Duration A - Enter the duration (in ms) for Duration A. 500 ms is the default.

  Edit Tone B - Enter the frequency (in Hz) for Tone B

  Edit Duration B - Enter the duration (in ms) for Duration B. 300 ms is the default.

  Tone Gap - Enter the tone gap (in ms). 100 ms is the default.

- Set Delay Time Enter a value from 1-5 or Off, then press the scroll control.
- Set Alert

  Alert 1 - 9 select the type of alert you want the scanner to sound when it receives an alert.

  - Level 1 - 15 - the scanner adjusts the volume you hear to the level you select.
  - Auto - the scanner automatically sets the alert beep to the master volume level.

  Off - the scanner does not sound an alert.

Care and Maintenance

General Use

- Turn the scanner off before disconnecting the power.
- Always write down the programmed frequencies in the event of memory loss.
- If memory is lost, simply reprogram each channel.
- Always press each button firmly until you hear the entry tone for that key entry.

Location

- Do not use the scanner in high-moisture environments such as the kitchen or bathroom.
- Avoid placing the unit in direct sunlight or near heating elements or vents.
- If the scanner receives strong interference or electrical noise, move it or its antenna away from the source of the noise. If possible, a higher elevation might provide better reception.
- Also try changing the height or angle of the antenna.

Cleaning

- Disconnect the power to the unit before cleaning.
- Clean the outside of the scanner with a mild detergent.
- To prevent scratches, do not use abrasive cleaners or solvents. Be careful not to rub the LCD window.
- Do not use excessive amounts of water.

Repairs

Do not attempt any repair. The scanner contains no user serviceable parts. Contact the Uniden Customer Service Center or take it to a qualified repair technician.

Birdies

All radios can receive “birdies” (undesired signals). If your scanner stops during Scan mode and no sound is heard, it might be receiving a birdie. Birdies are internally generated signals inherent in the electronics of the scanner.

Press **L/O** to lock out the channel.

Troubleshooting

If your BCD396T is not performing properly, try these steps.

Problem	Possible Cause	Suggestion
The scanner doesn't work.	The scanner might not be receiving any power.	Make sure the AC adapter is connected to an AC outlet and the scanner.
		If there is a wall switch that controls power to the AC outlet where you connected the AC adapter, make sure it is on.
Improper reception.	The antenna might need to be adjusted.	Check the antenna connection or move or reposition the antenna.
		Move the scanner.
		You might be in a remote area that could require an optional multi-band antenna. Check with your dealer or local electronics store.
Scan won't stop.	The squelch might need to be adjusted.	Adjust the squelch threshold. See "Turning On the Scanner and Setting the Squelch" on Page 42.
	The antenna might need to be adjusted.	Check the antenna connection.
	One or more channels might be locked out.	Make sure the channels you want to scan are not locked out.
	The channel's frequency might not be stored in memory.	Make sure the channel's frequency is stored in the scanner's memory.
	The channel might not be active.	Wait for a transmission on the channel.
Scan won't start.	You must press **Scan** to scan.	Press **Scan**.

Scan won't start. (continued)	The squelch might need to be adjusted.	Adjust the squelch threshold. See "Turning On the Scanner and Setting the Squelch" on Page 42.
	One or more channels might be locked out.	Make sure the channels you want to scan are not locked out.
	The antenna might need to be adjusted.	Check the antenna connection.
Weather scan doesn't work.	The squelch might need to be adjusted.	Adjust the squelch threshold. See "Turning On the Scanner and Setting the Squelch" on Page 42.
	The antenna might need to be adjusted.	Check the antenna connection.
	There might not be a NOAA weather broadcast in your area.	Move to an area with a NOAA weather broadcast.

If you experience difficulty while in TrunkTracker™ mode, try the following steps.

Problem	Possible Cause	Suggestion
Scanner won't track a trunked system.	The system might not be one your scanner can scan.	Scan another system.
	The data frequency might be missing.	Enter the data frequency.
	The scanner might need to be changed to a Type 1 scanner setup.	Change to a Type 1 scanner setup. Review "Programming Motorola Systems" on Page 62.

Scanner won't track a trunked system. (continued)	The system you are trying to scan might be LTR or EDACS.	Set the scanner to scan LTR or EDACS systems. Review "Programming LTR Systems" on Page 69 and "Programming EDACS Systems" on Page 66.
Scanner won't stop scanning a trunked system.	No ID's have been programmed.	Program one or more ID's or use the ID Search mode.
	The ID's you have stored are not active.	Wait for the ID's to become active or scan another system.
Scanner won't acquire the data channel.	The squelch might need to be adjusted.	Adjust the squelch threshold. See "Turning On the Scanner and Setting the Squelch" on Page 42.
	The frequency used for the data channel might be missing.	Check your frequency list for the data channel.
Missing replies to conver-sations.	The scanner might need to be changed to a Type 1 scanner setup.	Change to a Type 1 scanner setup. See "Programming Motorola Systems" on Page 62.
	The fleet map might be incorrect.	Try another preset fleet map or program your own fleet map.
	One or more of the system's frequencies might not be entered.	Make sure all the system's frequencies have been entered.
	The system you are trying to scan might be LTR or EDACS.	Set the scanner to scan LTR or EDACS systems. Review "Programming LTR Systems" on Page 69 and "Programming EDACS Systems" on Page 66.

If you still cannot get satisfactory results while using your scanner or if you want additional information, please call or write the Uniden Parts and Service Division. The address and phone number are listed in the Warranty at the end of this manual. If you would like immediate assistance, please call Customer Service at (800) 297-1023.

If you have Internet access, you can visit *http://www.uniden.co*m for additional information.

Specifications

Certified in accordance with FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15, Subpart C, as of date of manufacture.

Dynamic Allocation Capacity
(with Name Assigned To Each System, Group, and Channel):

Systems: 400 max

Groups: 20 per system

Channels: up to 6000

Channels per Trunked System: up to 200

Attenuation: 18 dB (nominal), 10 dB (limit)

Frequency Range (MHz):

25.0 - 26.960 Petroleum Prods/Bcst Pinch Band

26.965 - 27.405 Citizens Band Class D

27.410 - 27.995 Business/Forest Prods

72.0 - 75.995 Intersystem and Astronomy

144.0 - 147.995 2 Meter Amateur Band

150.8 - 161.9950 VHF High Band

Above bands in 5 kHz steps

29.7 - 49.990 VHF Low Band

Above band in 10 kHz steps

137.0 - 143.9875 Military Land Mobile

148.0 - 150.7875 Military Land Mobile

162.0 - 173.9875 Federal Government

400.0 - 405.9875 Miscellaneous

406.0 - 419.9875 Federal Land Mobile

420.0 - 449.9875 70 cm Amateur Band

450.0 - 469.9875 UHF Standard Band

470.0 - 512.0 UHF TV Band

764.0 - 775.9875 Public Service Band

794.0 - 805.9875 Public Service Band

806.0 - 823.9875 Public Service Band

849.0125 - 868.9875 Public Service Band

894.0125 - 956.0 Public Service Band

Above bands in 12.5 kHz steps

28.0 - 29.680 10 Meter Amateur Band

50.0 - 53.98 6 Meter Amateur Band

216.0 - 224.980 1.25 Meter Amateur Band

Above bands in 20 kHz steps

108.0 - 136.9750 Aircraft

1240.0 - 1300.0 25 cm Amateur Band

Above bands in 25 kHz steps

54.0 - 71.95 VHF TV Broadcast 2-4

76.0 - 87.95 VHF TV Broadcast 5-6

174.0 - 215.95 TV Broadcast 7-13

225.0 - 399.95 UHF Aircraft Band

Above bands in 50 kHz steps

88.0 - 107.90 FM Broadcast

Above band in 100 kHz steps

Operating Temperature:

Normal –20°C to +60°C

Close Call –10°C to +60°C

Scan Rate: 100 channels per second

(conventional mode)

Search Rate: 300 steps per second (5 kHz step only)

Scan Delay: 0-5 seconds

Audio Output: 400mW nominal into 24Ω internal speaker

30 mW nominal into 32Ω headphone

6 mW nominal into 64Ω earphone

Power Requirements:

3 AA Alkaline Batteries (4.5V DC),

or 3 AA Rechargeable Ni-MH Batteries (3.6V DC),

or AC Adapter (6 VDC 800mA) (AD-1001)

Antenna: 50 Ω (Impedance)

External Jacks:

Antenna Jack SMA Type

Ext. Speaker Jack 3.5mm

DC Power Jack (EIAJ TYPE-2 Center Positive) 5.5mm

Remote Jack 4 Pin Mini

Size: 2.40 in. (W) x 1.22 in. (D) x 5.35 in. (H)

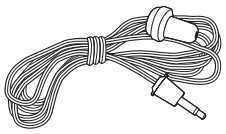
Weight: 0.60 lbs (with batteries installed)

0.40 lbs (without batteries installed)

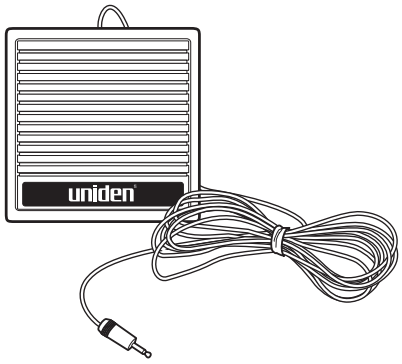
Features, specifications, and availability of optional accessories are all subject to change without notice.

Optional Accessories

Contact your local Uniden Dealer or call the Uniden Parts Center at: (800) 554-3988, 8:00AM to 5:00PM EST, Monday through Friday, for information about ordering these optional accessories.



Earphone



External Amplified Speaker

Appendix

Preset Fleet Maps

Preset Map 1

Block	Size Code
0	Size Code 11
1	Size Code 11
2	Size Code 11
3	Size Code 11
4	Size Code 11
5	Size Code 11
6	Size Code 11
7	Size Code 11

Preset Map 2

Block	Size Code
0	Size Code 4
1	Size Code 4
2	Size Code 4
3	Size Code 4
4	Size Code 4
5	Size Code 4
6	Size Code 4
7	Size Code 4

Preset Map 3

Block	Size Code
0	Size Code 4
1	Size Code 4
2	Size Code 4
3	Size Code 4
4	Size Code 4
5	Size Code 4
6	Size Code 12
7	(Size Code 12)

Preset Map 4

Block	Size Code
0	Size Code 12
1	(Size Code 12)
2	Size Code 4
3	Size Code 4
4	Size Code 4
5	Size Code 4
6	Size Code 4
7	Size Code 4

Preset Map 5

Block	Size Code
0	Size Code 4
1	Size Code 4
2	Size Code 12
3	(Size Code 12)
4	Size Code 4
5	Size Code 4
6	Size Code 4
7	Size Code 4

Preset Map 6

Block	Size Code
0	Size Code 3
1	Size Code 10
2	Size Code 4
3	Size Code 4
4	Size Code 12
5	(Size Code 12)
6	Size Code 12
7	(Size Code 12)

Preset Map 7

Block	Size Code
0	Size Code 10
1	Size Code 10
2	Size Code 11
3	Size Code 4
4	Size Code 4
5	Size Code 4
6	Size Code 4
7	Size Code 4

Preset Map 8

Block	Size Code
0	Size Code 1
1	Size Code 1
2	Size Code 2
3	Size Code 2
4	Size Code 3
5	Size Code 3
6	Size Code 4
7	Size Code 4

Preset Map 9

Block	Size Code
0	Size Code 4
1	Size Code 4
2	Size Code 0
3	Size Code 0
4	Size Code 0
5	Size Code 0
6	Size Code 0
7	Size Code 0

Preset Map 10

Block	Size Code
0	Size Code 0
1	Size Code 0
2	Size Code 0
3	Size Code 0
4	Size Code 0
5	Size Code 0
6	Size Code 4
7	Size Code 4

Preset Map 11

Block	Size Code
0	Size Code 4
1	Size Code 0
2	Size Code 0
3	Size Code 0
4	Size Code 0
5	Size Code 0
6	Size Code 0
7	Size Code 0

Preset Map 12

Block	Size Code
0	Size Code 0
1	Size Code 0
2	Size Code 0
3	Size Code 0
4	Size Code 0
5	Size Code 0
6	Size Code 0
7	Size Code 4

Preset Map 13

Block	Size Code
0	Size Code 3
1	Size Code 3
2	Size Code 11
3	Size Code 4
4	Size Code 4
5	Size Code 0
6	Size Code 0
7	Size Code 0

Preset Map 14

Block	Size Code
0	Size Code 4
1	Size Code 3
2	Size Code 10
3	Size Code 4
4	Size Code 4
5	Size Code 4
6	Size Code 12
7	(Size Code 12)

Preset Map 15

Block	Size Code
0	Size Code 4
1	Size Code 4
2	Size Code 4
3	Size Code 11
4	Size Code 11
5	Size Code 0
6	Size Code 12
7	(Size Code 12)

Preset Map 16

Block	Size Code
0	Size Code 3
1	Size Code 10
2	Size Code 10
3	Size Code 11
4	Size Code 0
5	Size Code 0
6	Size Code 12
7	(Size Code 12)

User Defined Fleet Maps

Type I Programming Information

When a Type I system is designed, the address information for all the ID's is divided into 8 equal sized blocks, numbered 0–7. When you program your scanner to track a Type I system, you must select a size code for each of these blocks. When you have assigned a size code to all 8 blocks, you'll have defined the fleet map for the system you are tracking. Each size code determines the number of fleets, subfleets, and ID's each block will have. For example, a size code of S-4 has one fleet, which is divided into 16 separate subfleets, and it has a total of 512 individual ID's.

When a block is assigned a size code, the fleet or fleets created within the block are assigned a Type I ID. The way these ID's display on your scanner depend on the block number and the block's size code. When a Type I ID appears, the leftmost digit represents the block which contains the ID.

The next 2-3 digits identify which fleet is active, and the last digit(s) identifies the subfleet.

The details concerning how the size codes are selected by a Type I System designer are highly dependent on the specific needs of the system's users. Some organizations might want many subfleets with only a few radios each, while another organization might want only a few subfleets with many radios each. Your task is to program your fleet map with the same size code assignments as the trunked system. If you do this accurately, you'll track all the Fleet-Subfleet combinations used by the system. In other words, you'll hear complete communications while monitoring a trunked system.

If you don't already know the size codes used, you'll have to guess at them. But since you don't have to figure out all the blocks at once, this isn't as hard as it

seems. Select a size code for a block, and then press **Scan**. Now listen to the communications. If you decide you are receiving most of the replies to the conversations with ID's assigned to the block you just programmed, then you've probably selected the right size code and can work on the next block of the map.

Finally, for most public safety systems there are some size codes which are more common. S-3 and S-4 are probably the most common, followed by S-10, S-11, and S-12.

Size Code Restrictions

If you select size code S-12, S-13, or S-14, there are some restrictions as to which blocks can be used for these codes.

S-12 can only be assigned to Blocks 0, 2, 4, or 6.

S-13 can only be assigned to Blocks 0 and 4.

S-14 can only be assigned to Block 0.

Since these size codes require multiple blocks, you will be prompted for the next available block when programming a fleet map. For example, if you assign Block 0 as an S-12, you will be prompted for b2, the next block available, instead of b1. And if you assign Block 0 as an S-14, you would not see another prompt because it uses all available blocks.

Planning

Collecting Information

Getting your scanner programmed and scanning takes a few steps. This help guides you through these steps that will make it easier for you to start scanning.

1. Collect information about the system(s) you want to monitor.

   Do you want to listen to your local police and fire departments? How about the highway patrol, ambulance service, and aircraft? You might even want to listen to your local utility company as they track down a break in electrical service in your area.

   Make a list of the agencies you want to listen to, then look up the frequencies and systems used by those agencies. The Internet is a great source for current frequencies and information about scanning. Here are a few useful sites:

- *http://www.scannermaster.com/* - frequency resources and home of Police Call.

  You can also call them at 1 800 SCANNER (hours are from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time Monday through Friday.)
- *http://www.radioreference.com/* - the Internet's premier source for user-supported radio system information.
- *http://www.bearcat1.com/* - frequency information from National Communications.
- *http://svartifoss2.fcc.gov/reports/index.cfm* - conventional frequency information on file with the US Government

Tips:

- Scanners are designed to monitor complex radio systems. That means that programming your scanner might seem like a daunting task at first. Be patient if you don't get it right the first time. You can also seek out help locally for the systems you want to scan by visiting the forums section of *http://www.radioreference.com/forums*.

- Before you start to program your scanner, decide how you want to organize the frequencies you want to scan. For example, some areas are best organized by geographic location (east, north, south, west, central, etc), while others are best organized by agency (police, sheriff, ambulance, fire, etc.). You might even find it easier to organize a mixture of frequencies (north, southeast, and west for police but fire all in one group for example).

2. Organize the system information using these system worksheets included in this appendix.
   - Use “Conventional System Worksheet” on Page 135 to organize info about conventional frequencies.
   - Use “Motorola System Worksheet” on Page 136 to organize information about Motorola frequencies.
   - Use “LTR/EDACS System Worksheet” on Page 138 to organize information about LTR and EDACS frequencies.
3. Follow the instructions in “Filling Out The Conventional System Worksheet” on Page 131, “Filling Out The Motorola Worksheet” on Page 131, and “Filling Out the LTR and EDACS Worksheet” on Page 133 to program your scanner.

Tips:

- Before you start, make as many copies of the worksheets as you think you'll need. You can also go to the download section of *http://www.uniden.com/productsupport.cfm* and download the worksheets there.
- All worksheet instructions assume that you have completed the critical Step 1 (collecting the system information). Don't skip this step.
- Use a pencil to fill out the worksheets. This lets you change information if necessary.

Filling Out The Conventional System Worksheet

System Name and Quick Key

Fill in a name that describes the system you want to create. For example, you can enter "Dallas Police" or "Amateur Radio" here. If you want to store more than one type of frequency, you can enter "Mixed."

Fill in the key you want to press to quickly activate/deactivate the system. You can assign the same quick key to multiple systems.

Group Name and Quick Key

Each worksheet documents the settings for one channel group within a system. If you have fewer channels in the group than fits on the page, you can skip a line and enter an additional group of channels (enter the group info in the line you skipped). If you have more channels for the group than will fit on the page, use additional pages.

Fill in the key you want to press with Func to quickly activate/deactivate the channel group. You can assign the same quick key to multiple groups within a system.

Frequency-Alpha Tag-Priority-CTCSS/DCS

Fill in the details for each channel you want to store in this channel group.

Filling Out The Motorola Worksheet

System Name and Quick Key

Fill in a name that describes the system you want to create. For example, you can enter "Dallas Police" or "Amateur Radio" here. If you want to store more than one type of frequency, you can enter "Mixed."

Fill in the key you want to press to quickly activate/ deactivate the system. You can assign the same quick key to multiple systems.

System Type

Circle in the type of Motorola system you are scanning.

- Type 1. A fleet map is supplied for this type of system.
- Type 2 800 MHz Standard. Used for most 800 MHz systems. No fleet map is supplied for this type of system.
- Type 2 800 MHz Splinter. Used for some 800 MHz systems near border areas.
- Type 2 900 MHz. The supplied frequencies are between 935.0125 MHz and 939.9875 MHz. No fleet map is supplied for this type of system.
- Type 2 UHF. The supplied frequencies are between 406 MHz and 512 MHz. No fleet map is supplied for this type of system.
- Type 2 VHF. The supplied frequencies are between 136 MHz and 174 MHz. No fleet map is supplied for this type of system.
- P25.

System Frequencies

Enter the frequencies used by the system. Motorola systems can use up to 28 frequencies. Place an asterisk or other mark next to frequencies identified as data channels.

Fleet Map (Type I or Type I/Type II Hybrid Only)

Fill in the fleet map used by this agency.

Band Plan (VHF or UHF Only)

A band plan is required so the scanner can correctly determine the voice channel frequency. Fill in the band plan used by this agency, consisting of:

- Base frequency
- Step frequency
- Channel offset

You can enter up to three band plans.

Group Name and Quick Key

Each “Motorola System Worksheet 2” documents the settings for one channel group within a system. If you have fewer channels in the group than fits on the page, you can skip a line and enter an additional group of channels (enter the group information in the line you skipped). If you have more channels for the group than will fit on the page, use additional pages.

Fill in the key you want to press with Func to quickly activate/deactivate the channel group. You can assign the same quick key to multiple groups within a system.

Talk Group ID-Alpha Tag-Alert

Fill in the details for each channel you want to store in this channel group.

Filling Out the LTR and EDACS Worksheet

System Name and Quick Key

Fill in a name that describes the system you want to create. For example, you can enter "Dallas Police" or "Amateur Radio" here. If you want to store more than one type of frequency, you can enter "Mixed."

Fill in the key you want to press to quickly activate/deactivate the system. You can assign the same quick key to multiple systems.

System Frequencies and LCN

Fill in each system frequency and its associated Logical Channel Number (LCN).

Group Name and Quick Key

Each “LTR/EDACS System Worksheet 2” documents the settings for one channel group within a system. If you have fewer channels in the group than fits on the page, you can skip a line and enter an additional group of
channels (enter the group information in the line you skipped). If you have more channels for the group than will fit on the page, use additional pages.

Fill in the key you want to press with Func to quickly activate/deactivate the channel group. You can assign the same quick key to multiple groups within a system.

Talk Group ID-Alpha Tag-Alert

Fill in the details for each channel you want to store in this channel group.

Conventional System Worksheet

Conventional System Worksheet			
System Name		Group Name	
System Quick Key		Group Quick Key	
Frequency	Alpha Tag	Priority	CTCSS/DCS

Motorola System Worksheet

Motorola System Worksheet 1			
System Name			
System Quick Key			
System Frequencies	Type I Type II 800 MHz: Standard Splinter Type II UHF Type II VHF P25		
	Fleet Map		
	Block 0		
	Block 1		
	Block 2		
	Block 3		
	Block 4		
	Block 5		
	Block 6		
	Block 7		
	Band Plan A		
	Base Frequency		
	Step Frequency		
	Offset		
	Band Plan B		
	Base Frequency		
	Step Frequency		
	Offset		
	Band Plan C		
	Base Frequency		
	Step Frequency		
	Offset		

Motorola System Worksheet 2				
System Name		Group Name		
		Group Quick Key		
Talk Group ID	Alpha Tag	Alert		

LTR/EDACS System Worksheet

LTR/EDACS System Worksheet 1			
System Name			
System Quick Key			
System Frequency	Logical Channel		

LTR/EDACS System Worksheet 2			
System Name		Group Name	
System Quick Key		Group Quick Key	
Talk Group ID	Alpha Tag	Alert	

Preprogrammed Systems

Your scanner is preprogrammed with over 400 channels covering police, fire, and ambulance operations in the 25 most populated counties in the US. The following list details the preprogrammed information.

By default, all of the preprogrammed systems are unlocked, and your scanner begins to scan them when you turn it on. To speed up scanning, you can lock out systems that are beyond your reception area (typically no more than 25 miles using the supplied antenna).

Follow these steps to lock out systems.

1. Press and hold Func.
2. While continuing to hold Func, rotate the scroll control to select a system you want to lock out.
3. While continuing to hold Func, press **L/O** to lock out the system.
4. Repeat Steps 2, 3, and 4 to lock out additional systems.

The preprogrammed systems provide a starting point; you will want to find out more information about your local radio systems so you can customize the programming to better suit your listening preferences.

Notes:

- The list is subject to change.
- You might hear transmissions on frequencies assigned to very distant stations. This will happen if a local system also uses the same frequency. Disregard the text tag for these transmissions (e.g. if you are in California, you aren't really receiving Florida transmissions even if the scanner displays `Dade County`).
- To free up memory, you can delete systems that you will not be monitoring. Refer to "Deleting Systems" on Page 81.
- Data used for the preprogrammed information was supplied courtesy of *http://www.radioreference.com* , the Internet's premier scanning resource (RadioReference is not affiliated with Uniden America Corporation).

State	Area	System	Quick Key
--	Nationwide	Nationwide.usd	20
AK	All	Alaska.usd	21
AZ	Phoenix	Chandler MOT.usd	22
AZ	Phoenix	Maricopa Conv.usd	22
AZ	Phoenix	Phoenix-Mesa.usd	22
AZ	Phoenix	Tempe MOT.usd	22
AZ	Tucson	Marana.usd	23
AZ	Tucson	Tucson.usd	23
CA	Alameda	Alameda Conv.usd	24
CA	Alameda	Alameda MOT.usd	24
CA	Los Angeles	Culver City MOT.usd	25
CA	Los Angeles	Glendale.usd	25
CA	Los Angeles	Los Angeles Conv.usd	25
CA	Los Angeles	Orange MOT.usd	25
CA	Los Angeles	Palm Springs MOT.usd	25
CA	Los Angeles	Riverside Conv.usd	25
CA	Los Angeles	SanBernadinoA MOT.usd	25
CA	Los Angeles	SanBernadinoB MOT.usd	25
CA	Los Angeles	SanBernadinoC MOT.usd	25
CA	Los Angeles	SanBernadinoD MOT.usd	25
CA	Los Angeles	SanBernadinoE MOT.usd	25
CA	Los Angeles	Signal Hill MOT.usd	25
CA	Los Angeles	Torrance County.usd	25
CA	San Diego	NationalCity MOT.usd	26
CA	San Diego	San Diego Conv.usd	26
CA	San Diego	San Diego MOT.usd	26
CA	San Diego	SanDiegoCity MOT.usd	26
CA	San Franscisco	Oakland EDACS.usd	27
CA	San Franscisco	Santa Clara Conv.usd	27
CA	San Franscisco	Santa Clara MOT.usd	27
CO	Statewide	Colorado.usd	28
FL	Miami	Broward Cnty MOT.usd	29
FL	Miami	Broward Conv.usd	29

State	Area	System	Quick Key
FL	Miami	Coral SpringsMOT.usd	29
FL	Miami	Dade Conv.usd	29
FL	Miami	Dade EDACS.usd	29
FL	Miami	Dade Fire EDACS.usd	29
FL	Miami	Ft.LauderdaleMOT.usd	29
FL	Miami	Miami Beach MOT.usd	29
FL	Miami	Miami MOT.usd	29
FL	Miami	Plantation MOT.usd	29
GA	Atlanta	Atlanta.usd	30
GA	Atlanta	Cherokee County.usd	30
GA	Atlanta	DeKalb County.usd	30
GA	Atlanta	Fayette County.usd	30
GA	Atlanta	Forsyth County.usd	30
GA	Atlanta	Forsyth.usd	30
GA	Atlanta	Fulton County.usd	30
GA	Atlanta	Gwinnett County.usd	30
GA	Atlanta	Rockdale County.usd	30
GA	Houston County	Houston County.usd	31
IL	Chicago	Chicago Area.usd	32
IL	Chicago	Cook Conv.usd	32
IL	Chicago	NW Central MOT.usd	32
IL	Chicago	Schaumburg MOT.usd	32
IL	St. Louis	St Clair County.usd	33
MA	Boston	Boston Area.usd	34
MA	Boston	Cambridge.usd	34
MA	Boston	Marshfield.usd	34
MA	Boston	Middlesex Conv.usd	34
MA	Statewide	MA State Police.usd	35
MI	Detroit	Wayne Conv.usd	36
MI	Statewide	Michigan MPSCS.usd	37
MN	Statewide	Minn ARMER.usd	38
MT	Statewide	Montana.usd	39
NC	Charlotte	Cabarrus County.usd	40
NC	Charlotte	Charlotte Area.usd	40
NC	Charlotte	Charltte_Mcklnbg.usd	40
NE	Omaha	DouglasCounty.usd	41

State	Area	System	Quick Key
NJ	Newark	East Brunswick.usd	42
NJ	Newark	East Hampton MOT.usd	42
NJ	Newark	Edison.usd	42
NJ	Newark	Monroe.usd	42
NJ	Newark	Old Bridge.usd	42
NJ	Newark	Piscataway.usd	42
NJ	Newark	Sayreville.usd	42
NJ	Newark	Union City.usd	42
NM	Albuquerque	BernalilloCounty.usd	43
NM	Albuquerque	LosAlamos County.usd	43
NM	Albuquerque	Sandoval County.usd	43
NM	Albuquerque	Valencia County.usd	43
NM	Santa Fe	Santa Fe City.usd	44
NM	Santa Fe	Santa Fe County.usd	44
NV	Las Vegas	Clark County MOT.usd	59
NY	New York City	East Fishkill L.usd	45
NY	New York City	New York Conv.usd	45
NY	New York City	NY Area Conv.usd	45
NY	New York City	SuffolkCountyMOT.usd	45
OH	Cincinnati	Brook Park MOT.usd	46
OH	Cincinnati	Butler County.usd	46
OH	Cincinnati	Cincinnati Area.usd	46
OH	Cincinnati	Clermont CntyTRS.usd	46
OH	Cincinnati	Clermont County.usd	46
OH	Cincinnati	Hamilton CntyTRS.usd	46
OH	Cincinnati	Warren Cnty TRS.usd	46
OH	Cincinnati	Warren County.usd	46
OH	Cincinnati	West Chester TRS.usd	46
OH	Cleveland	Cuyahoga Conv.usd	47
OH	Cleveland	Parma EDACS.usd	47
OH	Statewide	Ohio MARCS.usd	48
PA	Philadelphia	PhiladelphiaConv.usd	49
PA	Westmoreland	Westmoreland.usd	50
TX	Austin	Austin.usd	51
TX	Austin	Bastrop County.usd	51
TX	Austin	Hays County.usd	51

State	Area	System	Quick Key
TX	Austin	LCRA Austin.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Bastrop.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA BlancoNorth.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA BlancoSouth.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Boerne.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Brenham.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA ComalCounty.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Creedmoor.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Doss.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Elgin.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Flatonia.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Gonzales.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Haletsville.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Kendall.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Kerrville.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Kingsbury.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Lago Vista.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Llano.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA New Tatian.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Peters.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Rutersville.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA San Marcos.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Seward Jnct.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Washington.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRAAustin_Dobie.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRACouncilCreek.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA Fredericksbg.usd	51
TX	Austin	LCRA NewBraunfels.usd	51
TX	Austin	Travis County.usd	51
TX	Austin	Williamson Cnty.usd	51
TX	Austin	WilliamsonCounty.usd	51
TX	Dallas-Fort Worth	Arlington MOT.usd	52
TX	Dallas-Fort Worth	Carrolton MOT.usd	52
TX	Dallas-Fort Worth	Dallas Conv.usd	52
TX	Dallas-Fort Worth	Dallas MOT.usd	52

State	Area	System	Quick Key
TX	Dallas-Fort Worth	Fort Worth MOT.usd	52
TX	Dallas-Fort Worth	Garland MOT.usd	52
TX	Dallas-Fort Worth	GrandPrairie MOT.usd	52
TX	Dallas-Fort Worth	Irving EDACS.usd	52
TX	Dallas-Fort Worth	Lewisville MOT.usd	52
TX	Dallas-Fort Worth	Mesquite MOT.usd	52
TX	Dallas-Fort Worth	NE Tarrant MOT.usd	52
TX	Dallas-Fort Worth	Richardson EDACS.usd	52
TX	Dallas-Fort Worth	Tarrant Conv.usd	52
TX	Houston	Caldwell County.usd	53
TX	Houston	Harris Conv.usd	53
TX	Houston	Luling.usd	53
TX	San Antonio	Bexar Conv.usd	54
TX	South Texas	STARNET MOT.usd	55
VA	Statewide	Virginia.usd	56
WA	Seattle	PortOfSeattleMOT.usd	57
WA	Seattle	Seattle MOT.usd	57
WV	Harrison	Harrison.usd	58

One-Year Limited Warranty

Important: Evidence of original purchase is required for warranty service.

WARRANTOR: UNIDEN AMERICA CORPORATION (“Uniden”)

ELEMENTS OF WARRANTY: Uniden warrants, for one year, to the original retail owner, this Uniden Product to be free from defects in materials and craftsmanship with only the limitations or exclusions set out below.

WARRANTY DURATION: This warranty to the original user shall terminate and be of no further effect 12 months after the date of original retail sale. The warranty is invalid if the Product is (A) damaged or not maintained as reasonable or necessary, (B) modified, altered, or used as part of any conversion kits, subassemblies, or any configurations not sold by Uniden, (C) improperly installed, (D) serviced or repaired by someone other than an authorized Uniden service center for a defect or malfunction covered by this warranty, (E) used in any conjunction with equipment or parts or as part of any system not manufactured by Uniden, or (F) installed or programmed by anyone other than as detailed by the Operating Guide for this product.

STATEMENT OF REMEDY: In the event that the product does not conform to this warranty at any time while this warranty is in effect, warrantor will repair the defect and return it to you without charge for parts, service, or any other cost (except shipping and handling) incurred by warrantor or its representatives in connection with the performance of this warranty. THE LIMITED WARRANTY SET FORTH ABOVE IS THE SOLE AND ENTIRE WARRANTY PERTAINING TO THE PRODUCT AND IS IN LIEU OF AND EXCLUDES ALL OTHER WARRANTIES OF ANY NATURE WHATSOEVER, WHETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR ARISING BY OPERATION OF LAW, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY IMPLIED

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LEGAL REMEDIES: This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you might also have other rights which vary from state to state. This warranty is void outside the United States of America.

PROCEDURE FOR OBTAINING PERFORMANCE OF WARRANTY: If, after following the instructions in this Operating Guide you are certain that the Product is defective, pack the Product carefully (preferably in its original packaging). Include evidence of original purchase and a note describing the defect that has caused you to return it. The Product should be shipped freight prepaid, by traceable means, or delivered, to warrantor at:

Uniden America Corporation

Parts and Service Division

4700 Amon Carter Boulevard

Fort Worth, TX 76155

(800) 297-1023, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Central, Monday through Friday

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4,398,304	4,409,688	4,455,679	4,461,036	4,521,915	4,597,104
4,627,100	4,841,302	4,888,815	4,932,074	4,947,456	5,014,348
5,199,109	5,408,692	5,428,826	5,438,688	5,448,256	5,465,402
5,471,660	5,483,684	5,530,296	5,548,832	5,571,071	5,574,995
5,577,076	5,598,430	5,600,223	5,642,424	5,710,992	5,859,875
5,896,422	5,991,346	5,991,603	6,012,158	6,025,758	6,034,573
6,064,270	6,266,521				

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